

## Inventor Name Search Result

Your Search was:

Last Name = KOLODNER

First Name = RICHARD

Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	Inventor Name
<u>08154792</u>	Not Issued	161	11/17/1993	MISMATCH REPAIR GENES, GENE PRODUCTS, AND USES THEREFOR	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
<u>08163449</u>	Not Issued	161	12/07/1993	MISMATCH REPAIR GENES, GENE PRODUCTS, AND USES THEREFOR	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
<u>08209521</u>	<u>5922855</u>	150	03/08/1994	MAMMALIAN DNA MISMATCH REPAIR GENES MLH1 AND PMS1	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
<u>08259310</u>	Not Issued	161	06/13/1994	METHODS AND REAGENTS RELATED TO CANCER DETECTION AND DIAGNOSIS	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
<u>08352902</u>	<u>6191268</u>	150	12/09/1994	COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS RELATING TO DNA MISMATCH REPAIR GENES	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
<u>08448444</u>	Not Issued	140	12/06/1995	METHOD FOR DETECTION OF ALTERATIONS IN THE DNA MISMATCH REPAIR PATHWAY	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
<u>08460899</u>	<u>5824471</u>	150	06/05/1995	DETECTION OF MISMATCHES BY CLEAVAGE OF NUCLEIC ACID HETERODUPLEXES	KOLODNER, RICHARD
<u>08465251</u>	Not Issued	174	06/05/1995	METHOD FOR DETECTION OF ALTERATIONS IN THE DNA MISMATCH REPAIR PATHWAY	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
<u>08961810</u>	<u>6165713</u>	150	10/31/1997	COMPOSITION AND METHODS RELATING TO DNA MISMATCH REPAIR GENES	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
<u>09265503</u>	Not Issued	089	03/10/1999	COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS RELATING TO DNA MISMATCH REPAIR GENES	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
✓ <u>09469636</u>	Not Issued	095	12/22/1999	MSH5 ABLATED MICE AND USES THEREFOR	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
✓ <u>09470276</u>	Not Issued	071	12/22/1999	METHOD OF DETECTION OF ALTERATIONS IN MSH5	KOLODNER, RICHARD
✓ <u>09658734</u>	Not Issued	041	09/11/2000	METHODS FOR IDENTIFYING COMPOUNDS WHICH MODULATE THE ACTIVITY OF MSH5	KOLODNER, RICHARD D.
<u>09658969</u>	Not	071	09/11/2000	METHODS FOR MODULATING	KOLODNER,

	Issued			THE ACTIVITY OF MSH5	RICHARD D.
<u>60051686</u>	Not Issued	159	07/03/1997	METHOD FOR DETECTION OF ALTERATIONS IN MSH5	KOLODNER , RICHARD
<u>60113487</u>	Not Issued	159	12/22/1998	MSH5 ABLATED MICE AND USES THEREFOR	KOLODNER , RICHARD D.
<u>60327728</u>	Not Issued	020	10/05/2001	ISOLATED CRYOPYRINS, NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES ENCODING THESE, AND USE THEREOF	KOLODNER, RICHARD

**Inventor Search Completed: No Records to Display.**

**Search Another: Inventor**
**Last Name**
**First Name**

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**Inventor Name Search Result**

Your Search was:

Last Name = EDELMANN

First Name = WINFRIED

Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	Inventor Name
<u>09469636</u>	Not Issued	095	12/22/1999	MSH5 ABLATED MICE AND USES THEREFOR	EDELMANN, WINFRIED
<u>09658734</u>	Not Issued	041	09/11/2000	METHODS FOR IDENTIFYING COMPOUNDS WHICH MODULATE THE ACTIVITY OF MSH5	EDELMANN, WINFRIED
<u>09658969</u>	Not Issued	071	09/11/2000	METHODS FOR MODULATING THE ACTIVITY OF MSH5	EDELMANN, WINFRIED
<u>09991099</u>	Not Issued	019	11/21/2001	MSH4 ABLATED MICE AND USES THEREFOR	EDELMANN, WINFRIED
<u>60113487</u>	Not Issued	159	12/22/1998	MSH5 ABLATED MICE AND USES THEREFOR	EDELMANN, WINFRIED
<u>60252661</u>	Not Issued	020	11/22/2000	MSH4 ABLATED MICE AND USES THEREFOR	EDELMANN, WINFRIED

**Inventor Search Completed: No Records to Display.**

**Search Another: Inventor**

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<input type="text" value="edelmann"/>	<input type="text" value="winfried"/>	

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**WEST**[Generate Collection](#)[Print](#)**Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 3 of 3 returned.**☐ 1. Document ID: US 20020058275 A1

L3: Entry 1 of 3

File: PGPB

May 16, 2002

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20020058275

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20020058275 A1

TITLE: Compositions, kits, and methods for effecting adenine nucleotide modulation of DNA mismatch recognition proteins

PUBLICATION-DATE: May 16, 2002

## INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY	RULE-47
Fishel, Richard A.	Penn Valley	PA	US	
Gradia, Scott	Philadelphia	PA	US	
Acharya, Samir	Philadelphia	PA	US	

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/6; 435/91.2

<a href="#">Full</a>	<a href="#">Title</a>	<a href="#">Citation</a>	<a href="#">Front</a>	<a href="#">Review</a>	<a href="#">Classification</a>	<a href="#">Date</a>	<a href="#">Reference</a>	<a href="#">Sequences</a>	<a href="#">Attachments</a>
<a href="#">Draw Desc</a>	<a href="#">Image</a>								

[KMC](#)☐ 2. Document ID: US 20020039776 A1

L3: Entry 2 of 3

File: PGPB

Apr 4, 2002

PGPUB-DOCUMENT-NUMBER: 20020039776

PGPUB-FILING-TYPE: new

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20020039776 A1

TITLE: Mammalian SUV39H2 proteins and isolated DNA molecules encoding them

PUBLICATION-DATE: April 4, 2002

## INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	COUNTRY	RULE-47
Jenuwein, Thomas	Wien		AT	
O'Carroll, Donal	Greystones		IE	
Rea, Stephen	Headford		IE	

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/193; 435/15, 514/1, 536/23.2

<a href="#">Full</a>	<a href="#">Title</a>	<a href="#">Citation</a>	<a href="#">Front</a>	<a href="#">Review</a>	<a href="#">Classification</a>	<a href="#">Date</a>	<a href="#">Reference</a>	<a href="#">Sequences</a>	<a href="#">Attachments</a>
<a href="#">Draw Desc</a>	<a href="#">Image</a>								

[KMC](#)

☐ 3. Document ID: US 6333153 B1

L3: Entry 3 of 3

File: USPT

Dec 25, 2001

US-PAT-NO: 6333153

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6333153 B1

TITLE: Compositions, kits, and methods for effecting adenine nucleotide modulation  
of DNA mismatch recognition proteins

DATE-ISSUED: December 25, 2001

## INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	COUNTRY
Fishel; Richard A.	Penn Valley	PA		
Gradia; Scott	Philadelphia	PA		
Acharya; Samir	Philadelphia	PA		

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/6; 435/7.1, 435/91.2, 530/350, 536/23.1

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Attachments
Drawn Desc	Image								

KWC

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Terms	Documents
L2 and (regulation or modulation)	3

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[Previous Page](#)[Next Page](#)

## WEST Search History

DATE: Monday, May 20, 2002

<u>Set Name</u> side by side	<u>Query</u>	<u>Hit Count</u>	<u>Set Name</u> result set
<i>DB=USPT,PGPB,EPAB,DWPI; PLUR=YES; OP=OR</i>			
L3	L2 and (regulation or modulation)	3	L3
L2	msh5	7	L2
L1	msh5 and modulating	4	L1

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

=> s (MSH5 and modulating) and inhibit and (MSH5 (w) expression) or (MSH5 (w) activity)  
L2 6 FILE DGENE  
L3 2 FILE USPATFULL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L4 8 (MSH5 AND MODULATING) AND INHIBIT AND (MSH5 (W) EXPRESSION) OR  
(MSH5 (W) ACTIVITY)

=> d l4 1-8 ibib abs

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 8 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62961 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders

INVENTOR: Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62961 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5 activity**, a method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to identify ES cell colonies which are successfully transfected with a Msh5 containing vector pMsh5ex18 in examples used to illustrate the methods of the invention.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 8 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62960 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders

INVENTOR: Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62960 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5 activity**, a method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a

method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to identify ES cell colonies which are successfully transfected with a Msh5 containing vector pMsh5ex18 in examples used to illustrate the methods of the invention.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 8 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62959 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62959 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5 activity**, a method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to clone the coding sequence of the mouse Msh5 gene. The primer is based on the human Msh5 cDNA sequence.

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 8 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62958 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62958 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5 activity**, a method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a



method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to clone the coding sequence of the mouse Msh5 gene. The primer is based on the human Msh5 cDNA sequence.

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 8 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62957 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62957 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5 activity**, a method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to obtain a segment of the mouse Msh5 gene. The primer is based on the human Msh5 cDNA sequence.

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 8 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62956 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62956 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5 activity**, a method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility

disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to obtain a segment of the mouse Msh5 gene. The primer is based on the human Msh5 cDNA sequence.

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 8 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:112540 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Compositions, kits, and methods for effecting adenine nucleotide modulation of DNA mismatch recognition proteins  
INVENTOR(S): Fishel, Richard A., Penn Valley, PA, UNITED STATES  
Gradia, Scott, Philadelphia, PA, UNITED STATES  
Acharya, Samir, Philadelphia, PA, UNITED STATES  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Thomas Jefferson University, Philadelphia, PA, UNITED STATES, 19107-5587 (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002058275	A1	20020516
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-934909	A1	20010822 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Division of Ser. No. US 1998-143571, filed on 28 Aug 1998, PENDING		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 1998-93935P	19980723 (60)
	US 1997-66977P	19971128 (60)
	US 1997-57136P	19970828 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	AKIN, GUMP, STRAUSS, HAUER & FELD, L.L.P., ONE COMMERCE SQUARE, 2005 MARKET STREET, SUITE 2200, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	55	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	25 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	4648	

AB Compositions, and products comprising a MutS homolog which binds to a mismatched region of a duplex DNA molecule in the presence of ADP are provided, as are methods of binding MutS homologs to mismatched DNA in the presence of ADP. The use of MutL homolog derivatives in combination with MutS homologs is also included. Nonhuman mammals which are nullizygous for both Msh2 and p53 are also provided, as are methods of making and using the same.

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 8 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:235086 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Compositions, kits, and methods for effecting adenine nucleotide modulation of DNA mismatch recognition proteins  
INVENTOR(S): Fishel, Richard A., Penn Valley, PA, United States  
Gradia, Scott, Philadelphia, PA, United States  
Acharya, Samir, Philadelphia, PA, United States  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Thomas Jefferson University, Philadelphia, PA, United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6333153	B1	20011225
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1998-143571		19980828 (9)

NUMBER	DATE
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PRIORITY INFORMATION: -----  
US 1998-93935P 19980723 (60)  
US 1997-66977P 19971128 (60)  
US 1997-57136P 19970828 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Zitomer, Stephanie W.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Akin, Gump, Strauss, Hauer & Feld, L.L.P.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 88

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 49 Drawing Figure(s); 25 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 4750

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions, and products comprising a MutS homolog which binds to a mismatched region of a duplex DNA molecule in the presence of ADP are provided, as are methods of binding MutS homologs to mismatched DNA in the presence of ADP. The use of MutL homolog derivatives in combination with MutS homologs is also included. Nonhuman mammals which are nullizygous for both Msh2 and p53 are also provided, as are methods of making and using the same.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=>

> d 17 1-115 ibib abs

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAW94057 Protein DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAW94057 Protein DGENE

AB This represents a human **MSH5** (h**MSH5**) protein. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the protein. The **MSH5** gene is a DNA mismatch repair gene. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy.

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAW94058 Protein DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAW94058 Protein DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. The present sequence represents a murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) protein.

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAY06778 Protein DGENE

TITLE: Use of MutS homologs - for developing methods and products  
for use in the study, detection and treatment of e.g.  
tumorigenesis, apoptosis, ageing and foetal development

INVENTOR: Acharya S; Fishel R; Gradia S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (UYJE-N)UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.

PATENT INFO: WO 9910369 A1 19990304 160p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US17914 19980828

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-93935 19980723

US 1997-57136 19970828

US 1997-66977 19971128

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-204647 [17]

AN AAY06778 Protein DGENE

AB The invention relates to compositions, kits and methods for effecting adenine nucleotide modulation of DNA mismatch recognition proteins. The products comprise a MutS homolog which binds to a mismatched region of duplex DNA molecule in the presence of ADP. The use of MutL homolog derivatives in combination with MutS homologs are also included. The methods and products can be used for the study, detection and treatment of events involved in tumourigenesis, apoptosis, ageing and foetal development.

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62961 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62961 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate MSH5 activity, a method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to identify ES cell colonies which are successfully transfected with a Msh5 containing vector pMsh5ex18 in examples used to illustrate the methods of the invention.

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62960 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.  
(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]  
AN AAA62960 DNA DGENE  
AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (**MSH5**) gene is misexpressed. The **MSH5** protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the **MSH5** gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5** activity, a method for **modulating** the activity of **MSH5**, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of **MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to identify ES cell colonies which are successfully transfected with a **Msh5** containing vector pMsh5ex18 in examples used to illustrate the methods of the invention.

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT  
ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62959 DNA DGENE  
TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (**MSH5**) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders -  
INVENTOR: Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.  
(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]  
AN AAA62959 DNA DGENE  
AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (**MSH5**) gene is misexpressed. The **MSH5** protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the **MSH5** gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5** activity, a method for **modulating** the activity of **MSH5**, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of **MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to clone the coding sequence of the mouse **Msh5** gene. The primer is based on the human **Msh5** cDNA sequence.

L7 ANSWER 7 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62958 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62958 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate MSH5 activity, a method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to clone the coding sequence of the mouse Msh5 gene. The primer is based on the human Msh5 cDNA sequence.

L7 ANSWER 8 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62957 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62957 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate MSH5 activity, a method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of

**MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to obtain a segment of the mouse **Msh5** gene. The primer is based on the human **Msh5** cDNA sequence.

L7 ANSWER 9 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62956 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed MutS homolog 5 (**MSH5**) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.  
(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62956 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (**MSH5**) gene is misexpressed. The **MSH5** protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the **MSH5** gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5** activity, a method for **modulating** the activity of **MSH5**, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of **MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to obtain a segment of the mouse **Msh5** gene. The primer is based on the human **Msh5** cDNA sequence.

L7 ANSWER 10 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05112 cDNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05112 cDNA DGENE

AB This cDNA encodes a human **MSH5** (h**MSH5**) protein. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the protein. The **MSH5** gene is a DNA mismatch repair gene. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative



of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy.

L7 ANSWER 11 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05113 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05113 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 12 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05163 cDNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05163 cDNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene

confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. The present sequence represents a cDNA encoding a murine **MSH5** (mMSH5) protein.

L7 ANSWER 13 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05117 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05117 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 14 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05127 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05127 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene

therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 15 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05161 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05161 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05161-162 represent primers used for the PCR amplification of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 16 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05131 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05131 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 17 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05130 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05130 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**  
. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is  
used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The  
**MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and  
segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for  
detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a  
predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a  
predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic  
segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can  
also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for  
prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene  
confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to  
identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and  
agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene  
therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences  
of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 18 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05129 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05129 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**  
. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is  
used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The  
**MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and  
segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for  
detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a  
predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a  
predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic  
segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can  
also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for  
prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene  
confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to  
identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and  
agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene  
therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences  
of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 19 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05128 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -

used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05128 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 20 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05126 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05126 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 21 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05125 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05125 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 22 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05124 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05124 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 23 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05123 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05123 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 24 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05122 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05122 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 25 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05121 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05121 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 26 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05120 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05120 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 27 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05119 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05119 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**



. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 28 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05118 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05118 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 29 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05116 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05116 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and

segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 30 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05115 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05115 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 31 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05114 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05114 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a

predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 32 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05147 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05147 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 33 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05146 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05146 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for

prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 34 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05145 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05145 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 35 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05144 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05144 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and

agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 36 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05143 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05143 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 37 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05142 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05142 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 38 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05141 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05141 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 39 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05140 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05140 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 40 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05139 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05139 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 41 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05138 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05138 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 42 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05137 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]  
AN AAX05137 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 43 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05136 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05136 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 44 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05135 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p



APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05135 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 45 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05134 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05134 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 46 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05133 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05133 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 47 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05132 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05132 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 48 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05164 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05164 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 49 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05155 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05155 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 50 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05160 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05160 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and

segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 51 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05159 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05159 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 52 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05158 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05158 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a

predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 53 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05157 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05157 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 54 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05156 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05156 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for

prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 55 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05154 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05154 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 56 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05153 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 - 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05153 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and

agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 57 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05162 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05162 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05161-162 represent primers used for the PCR amplification of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 58 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05152 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05152 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 59 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05151 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05151 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 60 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05150 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05150 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 61 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05149 DNA DGENE



TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05149 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 62 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05148 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05148 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05113-160 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 63 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05173 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]  
AN AAX05173 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 64 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05174 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]  
AN AAX05174 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 65 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05172 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]  
AN AAX05172 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 66 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05171 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05171 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 67 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05170 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05170 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**

. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 68 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05169 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05169 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 69 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05168 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05168 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a

predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 70 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05167 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05167 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 71 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05166 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05166 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene

confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 72 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05165 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05165 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 73 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05189 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05189 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 74 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05188 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05188 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**  
. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is  
used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The  
**MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and  
segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for  
detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a  
predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a  
predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic  
segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can  
also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for  
prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene  
confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to  
identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and  
agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene  
therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 75 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05187 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05187 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**  
. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is  
used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The  
**MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and  
segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for  
detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a  
predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a  
predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic  
segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can  
also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for  
prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene  
confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to  
identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and  
agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene  
therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 76 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05186 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]  
AN AAX05186 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 77 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05185 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]  
AN AAX05185 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 78 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05184 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703



DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05184 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 79 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05183 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05183 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 80 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05182 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05182 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**

. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 81 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05181 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05181 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 82 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05180 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05180 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a

predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 83 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05179 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05179 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 84 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05178 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05178 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene

confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 85 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05177 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05177 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 86 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05176 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05176 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 87 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05175 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05175 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 88 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05203 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05203 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05195-204 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 89 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05202 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of

disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome  
INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05202 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05195-204 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 90 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05201 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05201 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05195-204 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 91 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05200 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]  
AN AAX05200 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05195-204 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 92 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05199 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05199 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05195-204 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 93 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05198 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]  
AN AAX05198 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05195-204 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 94 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05197 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05197 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05195-204 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 95 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05196 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]



AN AAX05196 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05195-204 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 96 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05195 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05195 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05195-204 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 97 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05194 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05194 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is

used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 98 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05193 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05193 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 99 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05192 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05192 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a

predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 100 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05191 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05191 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the hMSH5 gene.

L7 ANSWER 101 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05190 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05190 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to

identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05164-194 represent introns of the h**MSH5** gene.

L7 ANSWER 102 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05213 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05213 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05210-211 represent RT-PCR primers used for cloning the 3' end of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 103 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05212 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05212 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05210-211 represent RT-PCR primers used for cloning the 3' end of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 104 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05211 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05211 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**  
. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is  
used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The  
**MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and  
segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for  
detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a  
predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a  
predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic  
segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can  
also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for  
prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene  
confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to  
identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and  
agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene  
therapy. Sequences AAX05210-211 represent primers based on the h**MSH5** gene  
that is used for the PCR amplification of the murine **MSH5**  
(m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 105 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05210 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05210 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**  
. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is  
used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The  
**MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and  
segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for  
detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a  
predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a  
predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic  
segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can  
also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for  
prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene  
confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to  
identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and  
agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene  
therapy. Sequences AAX05210-211 represent primers based on the h**MSH5** gene  
that is used for the PCR amplification of the murine **MSH5**  
(m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 106 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05209 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05209 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**  
. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is  
used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The  
**MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and  
segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for  
detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a  
predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a  
predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic  
segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can  
also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for  
prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene  
confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to  
identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and  
agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene  
therapy. Sequences AAX05205-209 represent introns of the murine  
**MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 107 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05208 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -  
used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of  
disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05208 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**  
. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is  
used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The  
**MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and  
segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for  
detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a  
predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a  
predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic  
segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can  
also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for  
prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene  
confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to  
identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and  
agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene  
therapy. Sequences AAX05205-209 represent introns of the murine  
**MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 108 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05207 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** -

used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05207 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05205-209 represent introns of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 109 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05206 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05206 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05205-209 represent introns of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 110 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05205 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p  
APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702  
PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05205 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05205-209 represent introns of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 111 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX05204 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New isolated human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5** - used for developing products for the diagnosis and therapy of disorders such as cancer, infertility and Down's syndrome

INVENTOR: Kolodner R; Winand N

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (DAND)DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 9901550 A1 19990114 114p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US13850 19980702

PRIORITY INFO: US 1997-51686 19970703

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 1999-106052 [09]

AN AAX05204 DNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to a human DNA mismatch repair gene, **MSH5**. Host cells containing a vector comprising the **MSH5** gene is used for the recombinant production of the **MSH5** protein. The **MSH5** gene product is required for meiotic crossing over and segregation of chromosomes during meiosis. The products can be used for detecting an alteration in a mammalian gene as indicative of a predisposition to malignant growth of cells or indicative of a predisposition to a malady associated with inappropriate meiotic segregation such as infertility or Down's syndrome. The alterations can also be used for diagnosing a DNA mismatch pair defective tumour and for prognosis of an individual having cancer. Moreover, defects in this gene confer resistance to alkylating agents. The products can also be used to identify therapeutic agents effective against **MSH5** defects and agents that affect the gene. The products can also be used for gene therapy. Sequences AAX05195-204 represent exon/intron junction sequences of the murine **MSH5** (m**MSH5**) gene.

L7 ANSWER 112 OF 115 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAX32694 cDNA DGENE

TITLE: Use of MutS homologs - for developing methods and products for use in the study, detection and treatment of e.g. tumorigenesis, apoptosis, ageing and foetal development

INVENTOR: Acharya S; Fishel R; Gradia S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (UYJE-N)UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.

PATENT INFO: WO 9910369 A1 19990304 160p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1998-US17914 19980828



PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-93935 19980723  
US 1997-57136 19970828  
US 1997-66977 19971128

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE: 1999-204647 [17]

AN AAX32694 cDNA DGENE

AB The invention relates to compositions, kits and methods for effecting adenine nucleotide modulation of DNA mismatch recognition proteins. The products comprise a MutS homolog which binds to a mismatched region of duplex DNA molecule in the presence of ADP. The use of MutL homolog derivatives in combination with MutS homologs are also included. The methods and products can be used for the study, detection and treatment of events involved in tumourigenesis, apoptosis, ageing and foetal development.

L7 ANSWER 113 OF 115 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:112540 USPATFULL

TITLE: Compositions, kits, and methods for effecting adenine nucleotide modulation of DNA mismatch recognition proteins

INVENTOR(S): Fishel, Richard A., Penn Valley, PA, UNITED STATES  
Gradia, Scott, Philadelphia, PA, UNITED STATES  
Acharya, Samir, Philadelphia, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Thomas Jefferson University, Philadelphia, PA, UNITED STATES, 19107-5587 (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002058275	A1	20020516
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-934909	A1	20010822 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Division of Ser. No. US 1998-143571, filed on 28 Aug 1998, PENDING		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 1998-93935P	19980723 (60)
	US 1997-66977P	19971128 (60)
	US 1997-57136P	19970828 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	AKIN, GUMP, STRAUSS, HAUER & FELD, L.L.P., ONE COMMERCE SQUARE, 2005 MARKET STREET, SUITE 2200, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	55	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	25 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	4648	

AB Compositions, and products comprising a MutS homolog which binds to a mismatched region of a duplex DNA molecule in the presence of ADP are provided, as are methods of binding MutS<sup>c</sup> homologs to mismatched DNA in the presence of ADP. The use of MutL homolog derivatives in combination with MutS homologs is also included. Nonhuman mammals which are nullizygous for both Msh2 and p53 are also provided, as are methods of making and using the same.

L7 ANSWER 114 OF 115 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:72639 USPATFULL

TITLE: Mammalian SUV39H2 proteins and isolated DNA molecules encoding them

INVENTOR(S): Jenuwein, Thomas, Wien, AUSTRIA  
O'Carroll, Donal, Greystones, IRELAND  
Rea, Stephen, Headford, IRELAND

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002039776	A1	20020404	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-876224	A1	20010608	(9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	EP 2000-112479	20000609
	EP 2000-112345	20000609
	US 2000-224173P	20000809 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	STERNE, KESSLER, GOLDSTEIN & FOX PLLC, 1100 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W., SUITE 600, WASHINGTON, DC, 20005-3934	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	21	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	34 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	2674	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Murine and human Suv39h2 polypeptide and DNA molecules encoding them. Suv39h2 is a novel member of the Suv3-9 gene family. Suv39h2 is a novel component of meiotic higher order chromatin. It has histone methyltransferase activity and is required, in combination with Suv39h1, for male gametogenesis. Suv39h2 can be used in screening methods to identify modulators of its methyltransferase activity, which are useful in cancer therapy and for male contraception.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L7 ANSWER 115 OF 115 USPATFULL  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:235086 USPATFULL  
 TITLE: Compositions, kits, and methods for effecting adenine nucleotide modulation of DNA mismatch recognition proteins  
 INVENTOR(S): Fishel, Richard A., Penn Valley, PA, United States  
 Gradia, Scott, Philadelphia, PA, United States  
 Acharya, Samir, Philadelphia, PA, United States  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Thomas Jefferson University, Philadelphia, PA, United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6333153	B1	20011225	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1998-143571		19980828	(9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 1998-93935P	19980723 (60)
	US 1997-66977P	19971128 (60)
	US 1997-57136P	19970828 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Zitomer, Stephanie W.	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Akin, Gump, Strauss, Hauer & Feld, L.L.P.	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	88	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	49 Drawing Figure(s); 25 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	4750	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions, and products comprising a MutS homolog which binds to a mismatched region of a duplex DNA molecule in the presence of ADP are provided, as are methods of binding MutS homologs to mismatched DNA in the presence of ADP. The use of MutL homolog derivatives in combination with MutS homologs is also included. Nonhuman mammals which are nullizygous for both Msh2 and p53 are also provided, as are methods of

making and using the same.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=>

L16 ANSWER 1 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.  
 AN 2002:157886 BIOSIS  
 DN PREV200200157886  
 TI Human hMSH4: Identification of a functional splicing variant and interaction with von Hippel-Lindau-binding-protein-1 (VBP1).  
 AU Her, Chengtao (1)  
 CS (1) School of Molecular Biosciences, Washington State University, 627 Fulmer Hall, Pullman, WA, 99164 USA  
 SO Molecular Biology of the Cell, (Nov, 2001) Vol. 12, No. Supplement, pp. 318a. <http://www.molbiolcell.org/>. print.  
 Meeting Info.: 41st Annual Meeting of the American Society for Cell Biology Washington DC, USA December 08-12, 2001  
 ISSN: 1059-1524.  
 DT Conference  
 LA English  
 CC General Biology - Symposia, Transactions and Proceedings of Conferences, Congresses, Review Annuals \*00520  
 Genetics and Cytogenetics - General \*03502  
 Genetics and Cytogenetics - Human \*03508  
 Biochemical Studies - Nucleic Acids, Purines and Pyrimidines \*10062  
 BC Hominidae 86215  
 IT Major Concepts  
 Molecular Genetics (Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics)  
 IT Parts, Structures, & Systems of Organisms  
 cell  
 IT Chemicals & Biochemicals  
 DNA: repair, replication; human MutS homolog-4; human **MutS homolog-5**; vin Hippel-Lindau-binding protein-1  
 IT Miscellaneous Descriptors  
 meiosis; protein-protein interaction; Meeting Abstract  
 ORGN Super Taxa  
 Hominidae: Primates, Mammalia, Vertebrata, Chordata, Animalia  
 ORGN Organism Name  
 human (Hominidae)  
 ORGN Organism Superterms  
 Animals; Chordates; Humans; Mammals; Primates; Vertebrates

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 1  
 AN 2001:93602 CAPLUS  
 DN 135:368128  
 TI Mouse MutS homolog 4 is predominantly expressed in testis and interacts with **MutS homolog 5**  
 AU Her, Chengtao; Wu, Xiling; Bailey, Susan M.; Doggett, Norman A.  
 CS Bioscience Division, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM, 87545, USA  
 SO Mammalian Genome (2001), 12(1), 73-76  
 CODEN: MAMGEC; ISSN: 0938-8990  
 PB Springer-Verlag New York Inc.  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 3, 13  
 AB We have isolated and characterized a cDNA that encodes the mouse ortholog of the human hMSH4. Both Northern and mRNA dot blot analyses indicate that mouse Msh4 is expressed predominantly in testis. Mouse Msh4 protein specifically interacts with Msh5 protein -- suggesting these two proteins might function in the same biol. pathway during meiosis. Besides their involvement in DNA mismatch repair, mouse Mlh1 and Pms2 also play functional roles in meiosis. Whether the function of Msh4 is restricted to meiosis and whether it assoc. with Mlh1 and/or Pms2 during meiosis remain to be clarified in future studies.  
 ST mouse MutS homolog 4 interaction testis mRNA; sequence cDNA protein mouse MutS homolog Msh4  
 IT Proteins, specific or class  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP

(Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (MSH4; mouse MutS homolog 4 is predominantly expressed in testis and interacts with **MutS homolog 5**)

IT Proteins, specific or class  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (MSH5; mouse MutS homolog 4 is predominantly expressed in testis and interacts with **MutS homolog 5**)

IT Molecular recognition  
 Mouse  
 Protein sequences  
 Testis  
 cDNA sequences  
 (mouse MutS homolog 4 is predominantly expressed in testis and interacts with **MutS homolog 5**)

IT mRNA  
 RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)  
 (mouse MutS homolog 4 is predominantly expressed in testis and interacts with **MutS homolog 5**)

IT 374643-81-9, Protein MSH4 (mouse strain BALB/c)  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (amino acid sequence; mouse MutS homolog 4 is predominantly expressed in testis and interacts with **MutS homolog 5**)

IT 325950-58-1, GenBank AF298655  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (nucleotide sequence; mouse MutS homolog 4 is predominantly expressed in testis and interacts with **MutS homolog 5**)

RE.CNT 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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- (9) Hollingsworth, N; Genes Dev 1995, V9, P1728 CAPLUS
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- (14) Paquis-Flucklinger, V; Genomics 1997, V44, P188 CAPLUS
- (15) Pochart, P; J Biol Chem 1997, V272, P30345 CAPLUS
- (16) Ross-Macdonald, P; Cell 1994, V79, P1069 CAPLUS
- (17) Santucci-Darmanin, S; Mamm Genome 1999, V10, P423 CAPLUS
- (18) Winand, N; Genomics 1998, V53, P69 CAPLUS
- (19) Zalevsky, J; Genetics 1999, V153, P1271 CAPLUS

L16 ANSWER 3 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 2

AN 2000:441556 CAPLUS

DN 133:72491

TI Knockout mice with MSH5 gene deleted and their uses

IN Edelmann, Winfried; Kolodner, Richard D.; Pollard, Jeffrey W.; Kucherlapati, Raju S.

PA Albert Einstein College of Medicine, USA; Dana-Farber Cancer Institute

SO PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A01K067-027  
ICS C07K014-82; A61K049-00; C12N005-10; G01N033-50; A61K038-17;  
C12Q001-68

CC 14-1 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000036910	A1	20000629	WO 1999-US30958	19991222
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	EP 1139732	A1	20011010	EP 1999-967642	19991222
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
PRAI	US 1998-113487P	P	19981222		
	WO 1999-US30958	W	19991222		
AB	An animal, e.g., transgenic mouse, in which the MSH5 gene is misexpressed. The animal is useful for screening treatments for a no. of conditions. Methods for identifying contraceptive agents are also described. Heterozygous and homozygous knockout mice were constructed by std. methods of stem cell transformation and breeding. Homozygous knockout mice were sterile. Males show normal development of Leydig and Sertoli cells but no pachytene spermatocytes. Females did not show estrous and did not mate.				
ST	MSH5 gene knockout mouse fertility; ovary spermatogenesis MSH5 gene knockout mouse				
IT	Gene, animal				
	RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (MSH5 ( <b>MutS homolog 5</b> ); knockout mice with MSH5 gene deleted and their uses)				
IT	Ovary				
	(MSH5 gene and development of; knockout mice with MSH5 gene deleted and their uses)				
IT	Spermatogenesis				
	(MSH5 gene and; knockout mice with MSH5 gene deleted and their uses)				
IT	Fertility				
	(agents for, MSH5 knockout mice in screening for; knockout mice with MSH5 gene deleted and their uses)				
IT	Fertility				
	(disorder, in MSH5 knockout mice; knockout mice with MSH5 gene deleted and their uses)				
IT	Mouse				
	(knockout mice with MSH5 gene deleted and their uses)				
IT	278810-64-3, 1: PN: WO0036910 SEQID: 1 unclaimed DNA 278810-65-4, 2: PN: WO0036910 SEQID: 2 unclaimed DNA 278810-66-5, 3: PN: WO0036910 SEQID: 3 unclaimed DNA 278810-67-6, 4: PN: WO0036910 SEQID: 4 unclaimed DNA				
	RL: PRP (Properties)				
	(unclaimed nucleotide sequence; knockout mice with MSH5 gene deleted and their uses)				

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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- (3) de Vries, S; Genes & Development 1999, V13(5), P523 CAPLUS
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L16 ANSWER 4 OF 25 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT AND ISI  
 AN 2000-11710 BIOTECHDS  
 TI New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS**  
**homolog 5** (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds  
 that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility  
 disorders;  
 involving vector-mediated MutS-5 gene transfer for expression in mouse  
 cell  
 AU Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S  
 PA Albert-Einstein-Coll.Med.; Dana-Farber-Cancer-Inst.  
 LO Bronx, NY, USA; Boston, MA, USA.  
 PI WO 2000036910 29 Jun 2000  
 AI WO 1999-US30958 22 Dec 1999  
 PRAI US 1998-113487 22 Dec 1998  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 OS WPI: 2000-442485 [38]  
 AB A transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS**  
**homolog 5** (MHS5) gene is claimed. Also claimed are: a  
 method of evaluating a fertility treatment; a method for identifying a  
 compound which modulates the activity of MSH5; and a method of  
 identifying a subject having or at risk of developing a fertility disease  
 or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen treatments for  
 MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the  
 transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in  
 cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic  
 acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the  
 activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The MSH5 gene is  
 disrupted by removal of DNA encoding all or part of the MSH5 protein.  
 The animal is homozygous or heterozygous for the disrupted gene. The  
 disruption is an insertion or a deletion. In the method, the treatment  
 is evaluated in vivo or in vitro. (39pp)  
 CC D PHARMACEUTICALS; D5 Other Pharmaceuticals; D PHARMACEUTICALS; D7  
 Clinical Genetic Techniques; A GENETIC ENGINEERING AND FERMENTATION; A1  
 Nucleic Acid Technology  
 CT TRANSGENIC MOUSE CONSTRUCTION, VECTOR-MEDIATED MUTS-5 GENE TRANSFER,  
 EXPRESSION IN MOUSE CELL, ANTISENSE, ANTIBODY, EMBRYONIC STEM CELL,  
 BLASTOCYTE, APPL., DRUG SCREENING, FERTILITY THERAPY TESTING  
 CONTRACEPTIVE TRANSGENIC ANIMAL MAMMAL (VOL.19, NO.20)

L16 ANSWER 5 OF 25 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2002 ISI (R)  
 AN 2000:777481 SCISEARCH  
 GA The Genuine Article (R) Number: 362EZ  
 TI Caenorhabditis elegans msh-5 is required for both normal and  
 radiation-induced meiotic crossing over but not for completion of meiosis  
 AU Kelly K O; Dernburg A F; Stanfield G M; Villeneuve A M (Reprint)  
 CS STANFORD UNIV, SCH MED, DEPT DEV BIOL, BECKMAN CTR, 279 CAMPUS DR, B300,  
 STANFORD, CA 94305 (Reprint); STANFORD UNIV, SCH MED, DEPT DEV BIOL,  
 BECKMAN CTR, STANFORD, CA 94305; STANFORD UNIV, SCH MED, DEPT GENET,  
 STANFORD, CA 94305  
 CYA USA  
 SO GENETICS, (OCT 2000) Vol. 156, No. 2, pp. 617-630.  
 Publisher: GENETICS, 428 EAST PRESTON ST, BALTIMORE, MD 21202.  
 ISSN: 0016-6731.  
 DT Article; Journal  
 FS LIFE; AGRI  
 LA English  
 REC Reference Count: 62  
 AB Crossing over and chiasma formation during Caenorhabditis elegans  
 meiosis require msh-5 which encodes a conserved germline-specific MutS  
 family member, msh-5 mutant oocytes lack chiasmata between homologous  
 chromosomes, and crossover frequencies are severely reduced in both oocyte  
 and spermatocyte meiosis. Artificially induced DNA breaks do not bypass  
 the requirement for msh-5, suggesting that msh-5 functions after the  
 initiation step of meiotic recombination. msh-5 mutants are apparently

competent to repair breaks induced during meiosis, but accomplish repair in a way that does not lead to crossovers between homologs. These results combine with data from budding yeast to establish a conserved role for Msh5 proteins in promoting the crossover outcome of meiotic recombination events. Apart from the crossover deficit, progression through meiotic prophase is largely unperturbed in msh-5 mutants. Homologous chromosomes are fully aligned at the pachytene stage, and germ cells survive to complete meiosis and gametogenesis with high efficiency. Our demonstration that artificially induced breaks generate crossovers and chiasmata using the normal meiotic recombination machinery suggests (1) that association of breaks with a preinitiation complex is not a prerequisite for entering the meiotic recombination path way and (2) that the decision for a subset of recombination events to become crossovers is made after the initiation step.

CC GENETICS & HEREDITY

STP KeyWords Plus (R): DOUBLE-STRAND BREAKS; HOMOLOGOUS CHROMOSOME SYNAPSIS; SACCHAROMYCES-CEREVISIAE; MISMATCH REPAIR; **MUTS HOMOLOG** -5; BUDDING YEAST; C-ELEGANS; RECOMBINATION; GENE; SPO11

RE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RPY)	VOL (RVL)	PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)
=====				
*C EL SEQ CONS	1998	282	2012	SCIENCE
ALANI E	1996	16	5604	MOL CELL BIOL
ALANI E	1997	17	2436	MOL CELL BIOL
BERGERAT A	1997	386	414	NATURE
BOCKER T	1999	59	816	CANCER RES
BRENNER S	1974	77	71	GENETICS
CAO L	1990	61	1089	CELL
CERVANTES M D	2000	5	883	MOL CELL
CHU S	1998	282	699	SCIENCE
DERNBURG A F	1998	94	387	CELL
DERNBURG A F	1999		125	CHROMOSOME STRUCTURA
DERNBURG A F	2000	14	1578	GENE DEV
DEVRIES S S	1999	13	523	GENE DEV
DURBIN R	1991			C ELEGANS DATABASE D
EDELMANN W	1999	21	123	NAT GENET
EISEN J A	1998	26	4291	NUCLEIC ACIDS RES
EPSTEIN H F	1995			CAENORHABDITIS ELEGA
GARTNER A	2000	5	435	MOL CELL
GEISEL T S	1960			GREEN EGGS HAM
GILBERTSON L A	1996	144	27	GENETICS
GUMIENNY T L	1999	126	1011	DEVELOPMENT
HABER L T	1991	10	2707	EMBO J
HABER L T	1988	170	197	J BACTERIOL
HASTINGS P J	1988	9	61	BIOESSAYS
HAWLEY R S	1988		497	GENETIC RECOMBINATIO
HER C	1998	52	50	GENOMICS
HER C T	1999	10	1054	MAMM GENOME
HERMAN R K	1982	102	379	GENETICS
HODGKIN J	1979	91	67	GENETICS
HOLLINGSWORTH N M	1995	9	1728	GENE DEV
JONES G H	1987		213	MEIOSIS
KEENEY S	1997	88	375	CELL
KLAPHOLZ S	1985	110	187	GENETICS
KOSTRIKEN R	1983	35	167	CELL
KOSTRIKEN R	1984	49	89	COLD SPRING HARB SYM
LIN Y K	1994	136	769	GENETICS
MALKOVA A	1996	143	741	GENETICS
MCGILL C	1989	57	459	CELL
MCKIM K S	1998	12	2932	GENE DEV
MCKIM K S	1998	279	876	SCIENCE
MELLO C C	1991	10	3959	EMBO J
NICOLL M	1997	388	200	NATURE
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PETES T D	1991	407	MOL CELLULAR BIOL YE
PITTMAN D L	1998  1	697	MOL CELL
POCHART P	1997  272	30345	J BIOL CHEM
RIDDLE D L	1997  2		C ELEGANS
ROEDER G S	1997  11	2600	GENE DEV
ROSSMACDONALD P	1994  79	1069	CELL
SAMBROOK J	1989		MOL CLONING LAB MANU
SCHEDL T	1997  2	241	C ELEGANS
STORLAZZI A	1996  93	9043	P NATL ACAD SCI USA
SUN H	1989  338	87	NATURE
THORNE L W	1993  134	29	GENETICS
VILLENEUVE A M	1994  136	887	GENETICS
WEINERT T	1989  12	145	J CELL SCI S
WILLIAMS B D	1992  131	609	GENETICS
WINAND N J	1998  53	69	GENOMICS
WOOD W B	1988		NEMATODE CAENORHABDI
YOSHIDA K	1998  1	707	MOL CELL
ZALEVSKY J	1999  153	1271	GENETICS
ZETKA M C	1999  13	2258	GENE DEV

L16 ANSWER 6 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 3

AN 1999:760873 CAPLUS

DN 132:261227

TI Identification and characterization of the mouse **MutS**  
**homolog 5: Msh5**

AU Her, Chengtao; Wu, Xiling; Wan, Wei; Doggett, Norman A.

CS Life Sciences Division, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM,  
87545, USA

SO Mammalian Genome (1999), 10(11), 1054-1061

CODEN: MAMGEC; ISSN: 0938-8990

PB Springer-Verlag New York Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

CC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 6, 13

AB We have identified and characterized the complete cDNA and gene for the mouse **MutS homolog 5 (Msh5)**, as a step toward understanding the mol. genetic mechanisms involved in the biol. function of this new MutS homologous protein in mammals. The Msh5 cDNA contains a 2502-bp open reading frame (ORF) that encodes an 833-amino acid protein with a predicted mol. wt. of 92.6 kDa, which shares 89.8% amino acid sequence identity with the human hMSH5 protein. Northern blot anal. demonstrated the presence of a Msh5 mRNA approx. 2.9-kb in length, most abundantly expressed in mouse testis. Yeast two-hybrid anal. indicated that the mouse Msh5 protein pos. interacted with the human hMSH4 protein-suggesting that Msh5 shares common functional properties with its human counterpart. Sequence and structural analyses show that the mouse gene Msh5 spans approx. 18 kb and contains 24 exons that range in length from 36 bp for exon 7 to 392 bp for exon 1. Structural comparison with the human hMSH5 gene revealed that all of the Msh5 internal exons, but not introns, are conserved in length with the human hMSH5. The Msh5 gene is located on mouse Chromosome (Chr) 17 in a location that is syntenic to the region of human Chr 6 harboring the hMSH5 gene. The identification and characterization of Msh5 will facilitate studies of the potential functional roles of this new member of the MutS family.

ST mouse MutS homolog Msh5 cDNA sequence; gene Msh5 mapping expression mouse  
IT Proteins, specific or class

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL  
(Biological study); PROC (Process)

(MSH4, mouse Msh5 protein interacted with human; identification and  
characterization of mouse **MutS homolog 5:**  
Msh5)

IT Proteins, specific or class

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL  
(Biological study)

(Msh5 (mouse **MutS** homolog 5);  
identification and characterization of mouse **MutS**  
**homolog 5: Msh5)**

IT Testis  
(Msh5 most abundantly expressed in; identification and characterization  
of mouse **MutS** homolog 5: Msh5)

IT Genetic mapping  
(Msh5, structure and localization on mouse chromosome 17;  
identification and characterization of mouse **MutS**  
**homolog 5: Msh5)**

IT mRNA  
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)  
(Msh5, tissue distribution; identification and characterization of  
mouse **MutS** homolog 5: Msh5)

IT Proteins, specific or class  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(MutS; identification and characterization of mouse **MutS**  
**homolog 5: Msh5)**

IT cDNA sequences  
(for Msh5 protein of mouse; identification and characterization of  
mouse **MutS** homolog 5: Msh5)

IT Mouse  
(identification and characterization of mouse **MutS**  
**homolog 5: Msh5)**

IT Chromosome  
(mouse 17, Msh5 gene mapped to, syntenic to human Msh5; identification  
and characterization of mouse **MutS** homolog  
5: Msh5)

IT Protein sequences  
(of Msh5 protein of mouse; identification and characterization of mouse  
**MutS** homolog 5: Msh5)

IT 219780-09-3, Protein (mouse gene MSH5)  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL  
(Biological study)  
(amino acid sequence; identification and characterization of mouse  
**MutS** homolog 5: Msh5)

IT 248227-79-4, GenBank AF146227  
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP  
(Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)  
(nucleotide sequence; identification and characterization of mouse  
**MutS** homolog 5: Msh5)

RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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- (16) Fishel, R; Curr Opin Gene Dev 1997, V7, P105 CAPLUS
- (17) Frohman, M; No Publication Given 1988

L16 ANSWER 7 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
AN 1999:53111 CAPLUS  
DN 130:220968

DUPLICATE 4

TI Mammalian **MutS homolog 5** is required for  
 chromosome pairing in meiosis  
 AU Edelman, Winfried; Cohen, Paula E.; Kneitz, Burkhard; Winand, Nena; Lia,  
 Marie; Heyer, Joerg; Kolodner, Richard; Pollard, Jeffrey W.; Kucherlapati,  
 Raju  
 CS Department of Cell Biology, Albert Einstein College of Medicine, Bronx,  
 NY, 10461, USA  
 → SO Nature Genetics (1999), 21(1), 123-127  
 CODEN: NGENEC; ISSN: 1061-4036  
 PB Nature America  
 DT Journal  
 LA English  
 CC 13-6 (Mammalian Biochemistry)  
 AB MSH5 (**MutS homolog 5**) is a member of a  
 family of proteins known to be involved in DNA mismatch repair. Germline  
 mutations in MSH2, MLH1 and GTBP (also known as MSH6) cause hereditary  
 non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) or Lynch syndrome. Inactivation of  
 Msh2, Mlh1, Gtmbp (also known as Msh6) or Pms2 in mice leads to hereditary  
 predisposition to intestinal and other cancers. Early studies in yeast  
 revealed a role for some of these proteins, including Msh5, in meiosis.  
 Gene targeting studies in mice confirmed roles for Mlh1 and Pms2 in  
 mammalian meiosis. To assess the role of Msh5 in mammals, we generated  
 and characterized mice with a null mutation in Msh5. Msh5-/- mice are  
 viable but sterile. Meiosis in these mice is affected due to the  
 disruption of chromosome pairing in prophase I. We found that this  
 meiotic failure leads to a diminution in testicular size and a complete  
 loss of ovarian structures. Our results show that normal Msh5 function is  
 essential for meiotic progression and, in females, gonadal maintenance.  
 ST Msh5 protein chromosome pairing meiosis spermatogenesis oogenesis testis  
 ovary  
 IT Gene, animal  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL  
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (Msh5 (**MutS homolog 5**); mammalian (mouse)  
**MutS homolog 5** (Msh5) is required for  
 chromosome pairing in meiosis, maintenance of testicular size and  
 presence of ovarian structures)  
 IT Sperm  
 (depletion in Msh5-/- mice; mammalian (mouse) **MutS**  
**homolog 5** (Msh5) is required for chromosome pairing  
 in meiosis, maintenance of testicular size and presence of ovarian  
 structures)  
 IT Oogenesis  
 Spermatogenesis  
 (disruption in Msh5-/- mice; mammalian (mouse) **MutS**  
**homolog 5** (Msh5) is required for chromosome pairing  
 in meiosis, maintenance of testicular size and presence of ovarian  
 structures)  
 IT Proteins, specific or class  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
 study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (gene Msh5 (**MutS homolog 5**); mammalian  
 (mouse) **MutS homolog 5** (Msh5) is required  
 for chromosome pairing in meiosis, maintenance of testicular size and  
 presence of ovarian structures)  
 IT Sterility  
 (in Msh5-/- mice; mammalian (mouse) **MutS homolog**  
**5** (Msh5) is required for chromosome pairing in meiosis,  
 maintenance of testicular size and presence of ovarian structures)  
 IT Ovary  
 Testis  
 (mammalian (mouse) **MutS homolog 5** (Msh5)  
 is required for chromosome pairing in meiosis, maintenance of  
 testicular size and presence of ovarian structures)  
 IT Egg

(oocyte, depletion in Msh5-/- mice; mammalian (mouse) **MutS homolog 5** (Msh5) is required for chromosome pairing in meiosis, maintenance of testicular size and presence of ovarian structures)

IT Chromosome  
(pairing of; mammalian (mouse) **MutS homolog 5** (Msh5) is required for chromosome pairing in meiosis, maintenance of testicular size and presence of ovarian structures)

IT Meiosis  
(prophase, I, chromosome pairing in; mammalian (mouse) **MutS homolog 5** (Msh5) is required for chromosome pairing in meiosis, maintenance of testicular size and presence of ovarian structures)

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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L16 ANSWER 8 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1998:632659 CAPLUS

DN 130:1059

TI Cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of the human orthologue of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* MSH5 gene

AU Her, Chengtao; Doggett, Norman A.

CS Life Sci. Div., Cent. Human Genome Studies, Los Alamos Natl. Lab., Los Alamos, NM, 87545, USA

SO Genomics (1998), 52(1), 50-61  
CODEN: GNMCEP; ISSN: 0888-7543

PB Academic Press

DT Journal

LA English

CC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 6, 13

AB We have cloned and characterized the human ortholog of the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* **MutS homolog 5** (MSH5) cDNA, as well as the human gene that encodes the MSH5 cDNA, as a step toward understanding the mol. genetic mechanisms involved in the biol. function

of this novel human protein. The identified cDNA contains a 2505-bp open reading from (ORF) that encodes an 834-amino-acid polypeptide with a predicted mol. mass of 92.9 kDa. The amino acid sequence encoded by this cDNA includes sequence motifs that are conserved in all known MutS homologs existing in bacteria to humans. The cDNA appears, on the basis of amino acid sequence anal., to be a member of the MutS family and shares 30% sequence identity with that of *S. cerevisiae* MSH5, a yeast gene that plays a crit. role in facilitating crossover during meiosis. Northern blot anal. demonstrated the presence of a 2.9-kb human MSH5 mRNA species in all human tissues tested, but the highest expression was in human testis, an organ contg. cells that undergo const. DNA synthesis and meiosis. The expression pattern of human MSH5 resembled that of the previously identified human MutS homologs MSH2, MSH3, and MSH6—genes that are involved in the pathogenesis of hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC). In an effort to expedite the search for potential disease assocn. with this new human MutS homolog, we have also detd. the chromosomal location and structure of the human MSH5 locus. Sequence and structural characterization demonstrated that MSH5 spans approx. 25 kb and contains 26 exons that range in length from 36 bp for exon 8 to 254 bp for exon 25. MSH5 has been mapped to human chromosome band 6p21.3 by fluorescence in situ hybridization. Knowledge of the sequence and gene structure of MSH5 will now enable studies of the possible roles MSH5 may play in meiosis and/or DNA replicative mismatch repair. (c) 1998 Academic Press.

- ST chromosome 6 mapping human gene MSH5 protein sequence
- IT Gene, animal
  - RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
  - (MSH5; cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of human gene MSH5)
- IT DNA sequences
  - Genetic mapping
  - Protein motifs
  - Protein sequences
  - Testis
  - cDNA sequences
    - (cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of human gene MSH5)
- IT mRNA
  - RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
  - (cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of human gene MSH5)
- IT Gene
  - (expression; cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of human gene MSH5)
- IT Proteins, specific or class
  - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
  - (gene MSH5; cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of human gene MSH5)
- IT Chromosome
  - (human 6; cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of human gene MSH5)
- IT Genetic element
  - RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
  - (tsp (transcription start point); cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of human gene MSH5)
- IT 215797-75-4
  - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
  - (amino acid sequence; cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of human gene MSH5)
- IT 207662-23-5, GenBank AF048986    207662-24-6, GenBank AF048987

207662-25-7, GenBank AF048988    207662-26-8, GenBank AF048989  
207662-27-9, GenBank AF048990    207662-28-0, GenBank AF048991  
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP  
(Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)  
(nucleotide sequence; cloning, structural characterization, and  
chromosomal localization of human gene MSH5)

RE.CNT 44    THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
RE

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L16 ANSWER 9 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS    DUPLICATE 5  
AN 1995:720723 CAPLUS  
DN 123:164939  
TI MSH5, a novel MutS homolog, facilitates meiotic reciprocal recombination  
between homologs in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* but not mismatch repair  
AU Hollingsworth, Nancy Marie; Ponte, Lisa; Halsey, Carol  
CS Dep. Biochemistry and Cell Biology, State Univ. New York, Stony Brook, NY,  
11794-5215, USA  
SO Genes Dev. (1995), 9(14), 1728-39  
CODEN: GEDEEP; ISSN: 0890-9369  
DT Journal  
LA English

CC 10-4 (Microbial, Algal, and Fungal Biochemistry)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 3

AB Using a screen designed to identify yeast mutants specifically defective in recombination between homologous chromosomes during meiosis, new alleles of the meiosis-specific genes HOP1, RED1, and MEK1 were obtained. In addn., the screen identified a novel gene designated MSH5 (**MutS homolog 5**). Although Msh5p exhibits strong homol. to the MutS family of proteins, it is not involved in DNA mismatch repair. Diploids lacking the MSH5 gene display decreased levels of spore viability, increased levels of meiosis I chromosome nondisjunction, and decreased levels of reciprocal exchange between, but not within, homologs. Gene conversion is not reduced. Msh5 mutants are phenotypically similar to mutants in the meiosis-specific gene MSH4. Double mutant anal. using msh4 msh5 diploids demonstrates that the 2 genes are in the same epistasis group and therefore are likely to function in a similar process - namely, the facilitation of interhomolog crossovers during meiosis.

ST meiosis recombination gene MSH5 *Saccharomyces*

IT Meiosis  
 Recombination, genetic  
*Saccharomyces cerevisiae*  
 (MSH5 facilitates meiotic reciprocal recombination between homologs in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

IT Gene, microbial  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (MSH5; MSH5 facilitates meiotic reciprocal recombination between homologs in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

IT Protein sequences  
 (of Msh5 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

IT Deoxyribonucleic acid sequences  
 (of gene MSH5 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

IT 167471-44-5  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (amino acid sequence; MSH5 facilitates meiotic reciprocal recombination between homologs in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

IT 166055-59-0  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (nucleotide sequence; MSH5 facilitates meiotic reciprocal recombination between homologs in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*)

L16 ANSWER 10 OF 25 GENBANK.RTM. COPYRIGHT 2002

LOCUS (LOC): AH006902 GenBank (R)  
 GenBank ACC. NO. (GBN): AH006902  
 SEQUENCE LENGTH (SQL): 15855  
 MOLECULE TYPE (CI): DNA; linear  
 DIVISION CODE (CI): Contiguous sequences  
 DATE (DATE): 5 Oct 1998  
 DEFINITION (DEF): Homo sapiens **MutS homolog 5**  
 (MSH5), complete cds.

SOURCE:  
 ORGANISM (ORGN): Homo sapiens  
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;  
 Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini;  
 Hominidae; Homo

REFERENCE:  
 1 (bases 1 to 15855)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.A.  
 TITLE (TI): Cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of the human orthologue of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* MSH5 gene  
 JOURNAL (SO): Genomics, 52 (1), 50-61 (1998)  
 OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 130:1059

REFERENCE:  
 2 (bases 1 to 15855)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.  
 TITLE (TI): Direct Submission  
 JOURNAL (SO): Submitted (18-FEB-1998) Life Sciences Division and

Center for Human Genome Studies, Mail Stop: M888, Los  
Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA

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CONTIG (CONT):

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AF048991.1:1..6195)

L16 ANSWER 11 OF 25 GENBANK.RTM. COPYRIGHT 2002

LOCUS (LOC): AF298655 GenBank (R)  
GenBank ACC. NO. (GBN): AF298655  
CAS REGISTRY NO. (RN): 325950-58-1  
SEQUENCE LENGTH (SQL): 3356  
MOLECULE TYPE (CI): mRNA; linear  
DIVISION CODE (CI): Rodents  
DATE (DATE): 5 Mar 2001  
DEFINITION (DEF): Mus musculus MutS homolog 4 (Msh4) mRNA, complete cds.  
SOURCE: house mouse.  
ORGANISM (ORGN): Mus musculus  
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;  
Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia;  
Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus  
NUCLEIC ACID COUNT (NA): 1019 a 737 c 763 g 837 t  
REFERENCE: 1 (bases 1 to 3356)  
AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Wu,X.; Bailey,S.M.; Doggett,N.A.  
TITLE (TI): Mouse MutS homolog 4 is predominantly expressed in  
testis and interacts with **MutS**  
**homolog 5**  
JOURNAL (SO): Mamm. Genome, 12 (1), 73-76 (2001)  
OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 135:368128  
REFERENCE: 2 (bases 1 to 3356)  
AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.  
TITLE (TI): Direct Submission  
JOURNAL (SO): Submitted (23-AUG-2000) Bioscience Division, Los Alamos  
National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87544, USA

FEATURES (FEAT):

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gene	1..3356	/gene="Msh4"
CDS	155..3031	/gene="Msh4" /codon-start=1 /product="MutS homolog 4" /protein-id="AAK15620.1" /db-xref="GI:13195241" /translation="MCCLFLRLRDYSTAHALSLP PCQRCGLQPWSARSHARRTLGVK AGEMLRQEASLSSSPRWTPSRRDAPCGRTLASA SRPSTEGAMADRSSSSSSSPAPAS YPGSSFGNKRYSIAHRAASSFPVGTSSSSARDTT YPHTFRTPLSAGNPQRSQGHKSWTP QVGYSATSSAVSAHAPSVIVAVVEGRGLARGEIG



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 3181 ttaaataaaa gtttttgtta gaaaaataat acagtattca ctgtgaagtc agactaagtt  
 3241 tgtagtttgc tattaagtgt atgttttagaa ggttaacaga agtattctag cttaaaaaata  
 3301 tataataaag aataggtctg aaagctaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa

L16 ANSWER 12 OF 25 GENBANK.RTM. COPYRIGHT 2002

LOCUS (LOC): AK017308 GenBank (R)  
 GenBank ACC. NO. (GBN): AK017308  
 CAS REGISTRY NO. (RN): 322338-39-6  
 SEQUENCE LENGTH (SQL): 856  
 MOLECULE TYPE (CI): mRNA; linear  
 DIVISION CODE (CI): High-Throughput CDNA Sequencing  
 DATE (DATE): 19 Jan 2002  
 DEFINITION (DEF): Mus musculus 6 days neonate head cDNA, RIKEN  
 full-length enriched library, clone:5430414C05;  
**mutS homolog 5** (E. coli),  
 full insert sequence.  
 SOURCE: Mus musculus (strain:C57BL/6J) 6 days neonate head cDNA  
 to mRNA, clone\_lib:RIKEN full-length enriched mouse  
 cDNA library clone:5430414C05.  
 ORGANISM (ORGN): Mus musculus  
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;  
 Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia;  
 Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus  
 NUCLEIC ACID COUNT (NA): 232 a 200 c 179 g 245 t  
 COMMENT:

Please visit our web site (<http://genome.gsc.riken.go.jp/>) for  
 further details.  
 cDNA library was prepared and sequenced in Mouse Genome  
 Encyclopedia Project of Genome Exploration Research Group in Riken  
 Genomic Sciences Center and Genome Science Laboratory in RIKEN.  
 Division of Experimental Animal Research in Riken contributed to  
 prepare mouse tissues. First strand cDNA was primed with a primer  
 [5' GAGAGAGAGAAGGATCCAAGAGCTCTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTVN 3'], cDNA was  
 prepared by using trehalose thermo-activated reverse transcriptase  
 and subsequently enriched for full-length by cap-trapper. cDNA went  
 through one round of normalization to Rot = 10.0 and subtraction to  
 Rot = 100.0. Second strand cDNA was prepared with the primer  
 adapter of sequence [5'  
 GAGAGAGAGATTCTCGAGTTAATTAAATTAATCCCCCCCCCCCC 3']. cDNA was cleaved  
 with BamHI and XhoI. Vector: a modified pBluescript KS(+) after  
 bulk excision from Lambda FLC I. Cloning sites, 5' end: SalI; 3'  
 end: BamHI. Host: DH10B.

REFERENCE: 1 (sites)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Carninci, P.; Hayashizaki, Y.  
 TITLE (TI): High-efficiency full-length cDNA cloning  
 JOURNAL (SO): Meth. Enzymol., 303, 19-44 (1999)  
 OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 131:318304

REFERENCE: 2 (sites)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Carninci,P.; Shibata,Y.; Hayatsu,N.; Sugahara,Y.;  
 Shibata,K.; Itoh,M.; Konno,H.; Okazaki,Y.;  
 Muramatsu,M.; Hayashizaki,Y.  
 TITLE (TI): Normalization and subtraction of cap-trapper-selected  
 cDNAs to prepare full-length cDNA libraries for rapid  
 discovery of new genes  
 JOURNAL (SO): Genome Res., 10 (10), 1617-1630 (2000)  
 OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 134:305920  
 REFERENCE: 3 (sites)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Shibata,K.; Itoh,M.; Aizawa,K.; Nagaoka,S.; Sasaki,N.;  
 Carninci,P.; Konno,H.; Akiyama,J.; Nishi,K.;  
 Kitsunai,T.; Tashiro,H.; Itoh,M.; Sumi,N.; Ishii,Y.;  
 Nakamura,S.; Hazama,M.; Nishine,T.; Harada,A.;  
 Yamamoto,R.; Matsumoto,H.; Sakaguchi,S.; Ikegami,T.;  
 Kashiwagi,K.; Fujiwake,S.; Inoue,K.; Togawa,Y.;  
 Izawa,M.; Ohara,E.; Watahiki,M.; Yoneda,Y.;  
 Ishikawa,T.; Ozawa,K.; Tanaka,T.; Matsuura,S.;  
 Kawai,J.; Okazaki,Y.; Muramatsu,M.; Inoue,Y.; Kira,A.;  
 Hayashizaki,Y.  
 TITLE (TI): RIKEN integrated sequence analysis (RISA)  
 system--384-format sequencing pipeline with 384  
 multicapillary sequencer  
 JOURNAL (SO): Genome Res., 10 (11), 1757-1771 (2000)  
 OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 134:203311  
 REFERENCE: 4 (sites)  
 AUTHOR (AU): The RIKEN Genome Exploration Research Group Phase II  
 Team; the FANTOM Consortium.  
 TITLE (TI): Functional annotation of a full-length mouse cDNA  
 collection  
 JOURNAL (SO): Nature, 409, 685-690 (2001)  
 OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 134:203311  
 REFERENCE: 5 (bases 1 to 856)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Adachi,J.; Aizawa,K.; Akahira,S.; Akimura,T.; Aono,H.;  
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 Yamamura,T.; Yamanaka,I.; Yasunishi,A.; Yoshida,K.;  
 Yoshino,M.; Muramatsu,M.; Hayashizaki,Y.  
 TITLE (TI): Direct Submission  
 JOURNAL (SO): Submitted (10-JUL-2000) Yoshihide Hayashizaki, The  
 Institute of Physical and Chemical Research (RIKEN),  
 Laboratory for Genome Exploration Research Group, RIKEN  
 Gemomic Sciences Center (GSC), RIKEN Yokohama  
 Institute; 1-7-22 Suehiro-cho, Tsurumi-ku, Yokohama,  
 Kanagawa 230-0045, Japan (E-mail:genome-  
 res@gsc.riken.go.jp, URL:http://genome.gsc.riken.go.jp/  
 , Tel:81-45-503-9222, Fax:81-45-503-9216)

FEATURES (FEAT):

Feature Key	Location	Qualifier
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gene 493..810  
CDS 493..810

/db-xref="taxon:10090"  
/clone="5430414C05"  
/tissue-type="head"  
/clone-lib="RIKEN full-length  
enriched mouse cDNA library"  
/dev-stage="6 days neonate"  
/gene="Msh5"  
/gene="Msh5"  
/note="data source:MGD, source  
key:MGI:1329021, evidence:ISS muts  
homolog 5. (E. coli) putative"  
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/protein-id="BAB30683.1"  
/db-xref="GI:12856483"  
/translation="MVRFVLIVKLQGQENGPMRPF  
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SEQUENCE (SEQ):

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121 gaagaaaatg gagagatgat actcttaaaa acagttttga acgttggagc caaagtcctt
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541 atgagacctt tcaactccca tcctcccaa ataggtccag agataagcaa acagcgtctc
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661 ctctcctcca ttattccctt tgactgtgtc ctcacgggtc gggcacttgg aggactgctc
721 aagttcctga gtcgaagaag aattgggggt gaactggaag actatgatgt tggcgtccct
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841 gaggactggg aggtct
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L16 ANSWER 13 OF 25 GENBANK.RTM. COPYRIGHT 2002

LOCUS (LOC): AF146227 GenBank (R)  
GenBank ACC. NO. (GBN): AF146227  
CAS REGISTRY NO. (RN): 248227-79-4  
SEQUENCE LENGTH (SQL): 2907  
MOLECULE TYPE (CI): mRNA; linear  
DIVISION CODE (CI): Rodents  
DATE (DATE): 14 Nov 1999  
DEFINITION (DEF): Mus musculus **Muts homolog 5**  
(Msh5) mRNA, complete cds.  
SOURCE: house mouse.  
ORGANISM (ORGN): Mus musculus  
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;  
Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia;  
Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus  
NUCLEIC ACID COUNT (NA): 649 a 829 c 766 g 663 t  
REFERENCE: 1 (bases 1 to 2907)  
AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Wu,X.; Wan,W.; Doggett,N.A.  
TITLE (TI): Identification and characterization of the mouse  
**Muts homolog 5: Msh5**  
JOURNAL (SO): Mamm. Genome, 10 (11), 1054-1061 (1999)  
OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 132:261227  
REFERENCE: 2 (bases 1 to 2907)  
AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.A.  
TITLE (TI): Direct Submission  
JOURNAL (SO): Submitted (27-APR-1999) LS-3, Genomics, Los Alamos  
National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA

## FEATURES (FEAT):

Feature Key	Location	Qualifier
source	1..2907	/organism="Mus musculus" /strain="BALB/c" /db-xref="taxon:10090" /chromosome="17" /map="18.955 cM" /tissue-type="testis"
gene	1..2907	/gene="Msh5"
CDS	249..2750	/gene="Msh5" /codon-start=1 /product="MutS homolog 5" /protein-id="AAF07881.1" /db-xref="GI:6409195" /translation="MAFRATPGRTPPGPGPRSGI PSASFSPQPPMAGPGGIEEEDDEE EPAEIHLCVLWSSGYLGIAYYDTSdstihfmpda PDHESLKLQLRVLDEINPQSVVTS AKQDEAMTRFLGKLASEEHREPkgpeiillpsvd FGPEISKQRLLSGNYSFISDSMTA TEKILFLSSIIPFDCVLTVRALGGLLKFLSRRI GVELEDYDVGVPILGFKKFVLTHL VSIDQDTYSVLQIFKSESHPSVYKVASGLKEGLS LFGILNRCRCKWGQKLLRLWFTRP TRELRELSRLDVIQFFLMPQNLDMAQMLHRLLS HIKNVPLILKRMKLSHTKVSDWQV LYKTVYSALGLRDACRSLPQSIQLFQDIAQEFSD DLHHIASLIGKVVDFEESLAENRF TVLPNIDPDIDAKKRLIGLPSFLTEVAQKELEN LDSRIPSCSVIYIPLIGFLLSIPR LPFMVEASDFEIEGLDFMFLSEDKLHYRSARTKE LDTLLGDLHCEIRDQETLLMYQLQ CQVLARASVLRVLDLASRLDVLALASAARDYG YSRPHYSPCIHGVRIRNGRHPLME LCARTFVPNSTDCGGDQGRVKVITGPNSSGKSIY LKQVGLITFMALVGSFVPAEEAEI GVIDAIFTRIHSCEISLGLSTFMIDLNQVAKAV NNATEHSLVLIDEFKGKTNVDGL ALLAAVLRHWLALGPSCPHVFVATNFLSLVQLQL LPQGPLVQYLTMETCEDGEDLVFF YQLCQGVASASHASHTAAQAGLPDPLIARGKEVS DLIRSGKPIKATNELLRRNQMENC QALVDKFLKLDLEDPTLDLDFISQEVLPAAPTI L"

## SEQUENCE (SEQ):

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L16 ANSWER 14 OF 25 GENBANK.RTM. COPYRIGHT 2002

LOCUS (LOC): HSMH4 GenBank (R)  
 GenBank ACC. NO. (GBN): AF048991  
 CAS REGISTRY NO. (RN): 207662-28-0  
 SEQUENCE LENGTH (SQL): 6195  
 MOLECULE TYPE (CI): DNA; linear  
 DIVISION CODE (CI): Primates  
 DATE (DATE): 6 Oct 1998  
 DEFINITION (DEF): Homo sapiens **MutS homolog 5**  
 (MSH5) gene, exons 13 through 25 and complete cds.  
 SEGMENT: 4 of 4  
 SOURCE: human.  
 ORGANISM (ORGN): Homo sapiens  
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;  
 Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini;  
 Hominidae; Homo  
 NUCLEIC ACID COUNT (NA): 1441 a 1600 c 1669 g 1485 t  
 REFERENCE: 1 (bases 1 to 6195)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.A.  
 TITLE (TI): Cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal  
 localization of the human orthologue of *Saccharomyces*  
*cerevisiae* MSH5 gene  
 JOURNAL (SO): Genomics, 52 (1), 50-61 (1998)  
 OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 130:1059  
 REFERENCE: 2 (bases 1 to 6195)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.  
 TITLE (TI): Direct Submission  
 JOURNAL (SO): Submitted (18-FEB-1998) Life Sciences Division and  
 Center for Human Genome Studies, Mail Stop: M888, Los  
 Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA

FEATURES (FEAT):

Feature Key	Location	Qualifier
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exon	2008..2197	/gene="MSH5"
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exon	2312..2438	/gene="MSH5"
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exon	2912..3061	/gene="MSH5"
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exon

4642..4898

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L16 ANSWER 15 OF 25

GENBANK.RTM. COPYRIGHT 2002

LOCUS (LOC): HSMH3 GenBank (R)  
 GenBank ACC. NO. (GBN): AF048990  
 CAS REGISTRY NO. (RN): 207662-27-9  
 SEQUENCE LENGTH (SQL): 1960  
 MOLECULE TYPE (CI): DNA; linear  
 DIVISION CODE (CI): Primates  
 DATE (DATE): 6 Oct 1998  
 DEFINITION (DEF): Homo sapiens **MutS homolog 5**  
 (MSH5) gene, exons 11 and 12.  
 SEGMENT: 3 of 4  
 SOURCE: human.  
 ORGANISM (ORGN): Homo sapiens  
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;  
 Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini;  
 Hominidae; Homo  
 NUCLEIC ACID COUNT (NA): 537 a 487 c 450 g 486 t  
 REFERENCE: 1 (bases 1 to 1960)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.A.

TITLE (TI): Cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal localization of the human orthologue of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* MSH5 gene  
 JOURNAL (SO): Genomics, 52 (1), 50-61 (1998)  
 OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 130:1059  
 REFERENCE: 2 (bases 1 to 1960)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Her, C.; Doggett, N.  
 TITLE (TI): Direct Submission  
 JOURNAL (SO): Submitted (18-FEB-1998) Life Sciences Division and Center for Human Genome Studies, Mail Stop: M888, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA

# FEATURES (FEAT):

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L16 ANSWER 16 OF 25 GENBANK.RTM. COPYRIGHT 2002

LOCUS (LOC): HSMSH2 GenBank (R)  
 GenBank ACC. NO. (GBN): AF048989  
 CAS REGISTRY NO. (RN): 207662-26-8  
 SEQUENCE LENGTH (SQL): 880

MOLECULE TYPE (CI): DNA; linear  
 DIVISION CODE (CI): Primates  
 DATE (DATE): 6 Oct 1998  
 DEFINITION (DEF): Homo sapiens **MutS homolog 5**  
 (MSH5) gene, exon 10.  
 SEGMENT: 2 of 4  
 SOURCE: human.  
 ORGANISM (ORGN): Homo sapiens  
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;  
 Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini;  
 Hominidae; Homo  
 NUCLEIC ACID COUNT (NA): 207 a 260 c 178 g 235 t  
 REFERENCE: 1 (bases 1 to 880)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Her, C.; Doggett, N.A.  
 TITLE (TI): Cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal  
 localization of the human orthologue of *Saccharomyces*  
*cerevisiae* MSH5 gene  
 JOURNAL (SO): Genomics, 52 (1), 50-61 (1998)  
 OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 130:1059  
 REFERENCE: 2 (bases 1 to 880)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Her, C.; Doggett, N.  
 TITLE (TI): Direct Submission  
 JOURNAL (SO): Submitted (18-FEB-1998) Life Sciences Division and  
 Center for Human Genome Studies, Mail Stop: M888, Los  
 Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA

FEATURES (FEAT):

Feature Key	Location	Qualifier
source	1..880	/organism="Homo sapiens" /db-xref="taxon:9606" /chromosome="6" /map="6p21.3"
exon	501..546	/gene="MSH5" /number=10

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L16 ANSWER 17 OF 25 GENBANK.RTM. COPYRIGHT 2002

LOCUS (LOC): HSMSh1 GenBank (R)  
 GenBank ACC. NO. (GBN): AF048988  
 CAS REGISTRY NO. (RN): 207662-25-7  
 SEQUENCE LENGTH (SQL): 6820  
 MOLECULE TYPE (CI): DNA; linear  
 DIVISION CODE (CI): Primates  
 DATE (DATE): 6 Oct 1998  
 DEFINITION (DEF): Homo sapiens **MutS homolog 5**  
 (MSH5) gene, exons 1 through 9.  
 SEGMENT: 1 of 4

SOURCE: human.  
 ORGANISM (ORGN): Homo sapiens  
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;  
 Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini;  
 Hominidae; Homo

NUCLEIC ACID COUNT (NA): 1661 a 1692 c 1654 g 1813 t

REFERENCE: 1 (bases 1 to 6820)

AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.A.

TITLE (TI): Cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal  
 localization of the human orthologue of Saccharomyces  
 cerevisiae MSH5 gene

JOURNAL (SO): Genomics, 52 (1), 50-61 (1998)

OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 130:1059

REFERENCE: 2 (bases 1 to 6820)

AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.

TITLE (TI): Direct Submission

JOURNAL (SO): Submitted (18-FEB-1998) Life Sciences Division and  
 Center for Human Genome Studies, Mail Stop: M888, Los  
 Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA

# FEATURES (FEAT):

Feature Key	Location	Qualifier
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1981	gccagatgcc	ccagaccacg	agagcctcaa	gcttctccag	agaggtgggg	atggaaccat
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L16 ANSWER 18 OF 25 GENBANK.RTM. COPYRIGHT 2002

LOCUS (LOC): AF048987 GenBank (R)  
 GenBank ACC. NO. (GBN): AF048987  
 CAS REGISTRY NO. (RN): 207662-24-6  
 SEQUENCE LENGTH (SQL): 112  
 MOLECULE TYPE (CI): mRNA; linear  
 DIVISION CODE (CI): Primates  
 DATE (DATE): 6 Oct 1998  
 DEFINITION (DEF): Homo sapiens **MutS homolog 5**  
 (MSH5) mRNA, 5' untranslated region.  
 SOURCE:  
 ORGANISM (ORGN): Homo sapiens  
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;  
 Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini;  
 Hominidae; Homo  
 NUCLEIC ACID COUNT (NA): 11 a 43 c 38 g 20 t  
 REFERENCE:  
 1 (bases 1 to 112)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.A.  
 TITLE (TI): Cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal  
 localization of the human orthologue of *Saccharomyces*  
*cerevisiae* MSH5 gene  
 JOURNAL (SO): Genomics, 52 (1), 50-61 (1998)  
 OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 130:1059  
 REFERENCE:  
 2 (bases 1 to 112)  
 AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.  
 TITLE (TI): Direct Submission  
 JOURNAL (SO): Submitted (17-FEB-1998) Life Sciences Division and  
 Center for Human Genome Studies, Mail Stop: M888, Los  
 Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA

## FEATURES (FEAT):

Feature Key	Location	Qualifier
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L16 ANSWER 19 OF 25 GENBANK.RTM. COPYRIGHT 2002

LOCUS (LOC): AF048986 GenBank (R)  
GenBank ACC. NO. (GBN): AF048986  
CAS REGISTRY NO. (RN): 207662-23-5  
SEQUENCE LENGTH (SQL): 2873  
MOLECULE TYPE (CI): mRNA; linear  
DIVISION CODE (CI): Primates  
DATE (DATE): 6 Oct 1998  
DEFINITION (DEF): Homo sapiens **MutS homolog 5**  
(MSH5) mRNA, complete cds.  
SOURCE: human.  
ORGANISM (ORGN): Homo sapiens  
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;  
Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini;  
Hominidae; Homo  
NUCLEIC ACID COUNT (NA): 675 a 774 c 753 g 671 t  
REFERENCE: 1 (bases 1 to 2873)  
AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.A.  
TITLE (TI): Cloning, structural characterization, and chromosomal  
localization of the human orthologue of Saccharomyces  
cerevisiae MSH5 gene  
JOURNAL (SO): Genomics, 52 (1), 50-61 (1998)  
OTHER SOURCE (OS): CA 130:1059  
REFERENCE: 2 (bases 1 to 2873)  
AUTHOR (AU): Her,C.; Doggett,N.  
TITLE (TI): Direct Submission  
JOURNAL (SO): Submitted (17-FEB-1998) Life Sciences Division and  
Center for Human Genome Studies, Mail Stop: M888, Los  
Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA

## FEATURES (FEAT):

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CDS	207..2711	/gene="MSH5" /codon-start=1 /product="MutS homolog 5" /protein-id="AAC62533.1" /db-xref="GI:3108220" /translation="MASLGANPRRTPOGPRPGAA SSGFPSAPVPGPREAEEEEVEEE EELAEIHLCLVWNSGYLGIAYYDTSSTIHFMFD APDHESLKLQRLDEINPQSVVT"



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L16 ANSWER 20 OF 25 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT  
 AN AAA62961 DNA DGENE  
 TI New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS**  
**homolog 5** (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds  
 that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility  
 disorders -  
 IN Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S  
 PA (YESH) UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.  
 (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
 PI WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p  
 AI WO 1999-US30958 19991222  
 PRAI US 1998-113487 19981222  
 PSL Examples; Page 19  
 DED 14 NOV 2000 (first entry)  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 OS 2000-442485 [38]  
 DESC Reverse PCR primer used to identify MSH5 containing ES cell colonies.  
 KW MutS homologue 5; MSH5; DNA mismatch repair; sterile; fertility;  
 transgenic mouse; fertility treatment; fertility disease; meiosis;  
 contraceptive; PCR primer; ss.  
 ORGN Unidentified.  
 AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue  
 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family  
 of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous  
 for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a  
 method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention  
 are a method for identifying compounds which modulate MSH5 activity, a  
 method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying  
 individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The  
 transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related  
 disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic  
 mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell  
 processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids,  
 MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity  
 of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a  
 PCR primer used to identify ES cell colonies which are successfully  
 transfected with a Msh5 containing vector pMsh5ex18 in examples used to  
 illustrate the methods of the invention.  
 NA 5 A; 2 C; 9 G; 4 T; 0 other  
 SQL 20  
 SEQ 1 tggaaggatt ggagctacgg

L16 ANSWER 21 OF 25 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT  
 AN AAA62960 DNA DGENE  
 TI New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS**  
**homolog 5** (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds  
 that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility  
 disorders -  
 IN Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S  
 PA (YESH) UNIV YESHIVA-EINSTEIN COLLEGE.  
 (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PI WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p  
 AI WO 1999-US30958 19991222  
 PRAI US 1998-113487 19981222  
 PSL Examples; Page 19  
 DED 14 NOV 2000 (first entry)  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 OS 2000-442485 [38]  
 DESC Forward PCR primer used to identify MSH5 containing ES cell colonies.  
 KW MutS homologue 5; MSH5; DNA mismatch repair; sterile; fertility;  
 transgenic mouse; fertility treatment; fertility disease; meiosis;  
 contraceptive; PCR primer; ss.  
 ORGN Unidentified.  
 AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue  
 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family  
 of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous  
 for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a  
 method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention  
 are a method for identifying compounds which modulate MSH5 activity, a  
 method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying  
 individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The  
 transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related  
 disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic  
 mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell  
 processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids,  
 MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity  
 of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a  
 PCR primer used to identify ES cell colonies which are successfully  
 transfected with a Msh5 containing vector pMsh5ex18 in examples used to  
 illustrate the methods of the invention.  
 NA 5 A; 6 C; 6 G; 4 T; 0 other  
 SQL 21  
 SEQ  
 1 agctggagaa cctggactct c  
  
 L16 ANSWER 22 OF 25 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT  
 AN AAA62959 DNA DGENE  
 TI New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS**  
**homolog 5** (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds  
 that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility  
 disorders -  
 IN Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S  
 PA (YESH) UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.  
 (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.  
 PI WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p  
 AI WO 1999-US30958 19991222  
 PRAI US 1998-113487 19981222  
 PSL Examples; Page 18  
 DED 14 NOV 2000 (first entry)  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 OS 2000-442485 [38]  
 DESC Antisense PCR primer used for cloning the mouse Msh5 gene.  
 KW MutS homologue 5; MSH5; DNA mismatch repair; sterile; fertility;  
 transgenic mouse; fertility treatment; fertility disease; meiosis;  
 contraceptive; PCR primer; ss.  
 ORGN Homo sapiens.  
 AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue  
 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family  
 of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous  
 for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a  
 method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention  
 are a method for identifying compounds which modulate MSH5 activity, a  
 method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying  
 individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The

transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to clone the coding sequence of the mouse Msh5 gene. The primer is based on the human Msh5 cDNA sequence.

NA 7 A; 6 C; 11 G; 4 T; 0 other

SQL 28

SEQ

1 gctggggagg acactggaag gactctca

L16 ANSWER 23 OF 25 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

AN AAA62958 DNA DGENE

TI New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS homolog 5** (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders -

IN Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PA (YESH) UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PI WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

AI WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRAI US 1998-113487 19981222

PSL Examples; Page 18

DED 14 NOV 2000 (first entry)

DT Patent

LA English

OS 2000-442485 [38]

DESC Sense PCR primer used for cloning the mouse Msh5 gene.

KW MutS homologue 5; MSH5; DNA mismatch repair; sterile; fertility; transgenic mouse; fertility treatment; fertility disease; meiosis; contraceptive; PCR primer; ss.

ORGN Homo sapiens.

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate MSH5 activity, a method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to clone the coding sequence of the mouse Msh5 gene. The primer is based on the human Msh5 cDNA sequence.

NA 6 A; 11 C; 3 G; 7 T; 0 other

SQL 27

SEQ

1 ctccactatc cacttcacatgc cagatgc

L16 ANSWER 24 OF 25 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

AN AAA62957 DNA DGENE

TI New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS homolog 5** (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility disorders -

IN Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PA (YESH) UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PI WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p  
 AI WO 1999-US30958 19991222  
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 PSL Examples; Page 18  
 DED 14 NOV 2000 (first entry)  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 OS 2000-442485 [38]  
 DESC Antisense PCR primer for amplification of the mouse Msh5 gene.  
 KW MutS homologue 5; MSH5; DNA mismatch repair; sterile; fertility;  
 transgenic mouse; fertility treatment; fertility disease; meiosis;  
 contraceptive; PCR primer; ss.  
 ORGN Homo sapiens.  
 AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue  
 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family  
 of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous  
 for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a  
 method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention  
 are a method for identifying compounds which modulate MSH5 activity, a  
 method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying  
 individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The  
 transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related  
 disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic  
 mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell  
 processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids,  
 MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity  
 of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a  
 PCR primer used to obtain a segment of the mouse Msh5 gene. The primer is  
 based on the human Msh5 cDNA sequence.  
 NA 6 A; 6 C; 5 G; 3 T; 0 other  
 SQL 20  
 SEQ  
 1 ccagaactct ctggagaagc  
 L16 ANSWER 25 OF 25 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT  
 AN AAA62956 DNA DGENE  
 TI New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS**  
**homolog 5** (MSH5) gene, useful for screening compounds  
 that can be used for treating MSH5-related disorders, e.g. fertility  
 disorders -  
 IN Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S  
 PA (YESH) UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.  
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 PI WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p  
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 DED 14 NOV 2000 (first entry)  
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 DESC Sense PCR primer for amplification of the mouse Msh5 gene.  
 KW MutS homologue 5; MSH5; DNA mismatch repair; sterile; fertility;  
 transgenic mouse; fertility treatment; fertility disease; meiosis;  
 contraceptive; PCR primer; ss.  
 ORGN Homo sapiens.  
 AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue  
 5 (MSH5) gene is misexpressed. The MSH5 protein is a member of a family  
 of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous  
 for a null mutation in the MSH5 gene are sterile, and can be used in a  
 method for evaluating a fertility treatment. Included in the invention  
 are a method for identifying compounds which modulate MSH5 activity, a  
 method for modulating the activity of MSH5, and a method for identifying  
 individuals at risk of developing a fertility disease or disorder. The  
 transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for MSH5-related

disorders, e.g. fertility disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of MSH5 function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense MSH5 nucleic acids, MSH5 antibodies, MSH5 agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of MSH5 are useful as contraceptives. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to obtain a segment of the mouse Msh5 gene. The primer is based on the human Msh5 cDNA sequence.

NA 5 A; 3 C; 7 G; 6 T; 0 other  
SQL 21  
SEQ  
1 gtgctgtgga attcaggata c

=>

=> s 11

L11 6 FILE DGENE  
L12 3 FILE USPATFULL  
L13 2 FILE CABA  
L14 1 FILE BIOTECHDS  
L15 1 FILE CAPLUS  
L16 1 FILE PROMT  
L17 1 FILE WPIDS  
L18 1 FILE NLDB

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L19 16 L1

=> d 119 1-16 ibib abs

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 16 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62961 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS**  
**homolog 5 (MSH5)** gene, useful for screening  
compounds that can be used for treating **MSH5**  
-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62961 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue  
5 (**MSH5**) gene is misexpressed. The **MSH5** protein is a  
member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals  
which are homozygous for a null mutation in the **MSH5** gene are  
sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a **fertility**  
treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying  
compounds which modulate **MSH5** activity, a method for modulating  
the activity of **MSH5**, and a method for identifying individuals  
at risk of developing a **fertility** disease or disorder. The  
transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for **MSH5**  
-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders. Cells derived  
from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of  
**MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g.  
antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies,  
**MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of  
**MSH5** are useful as **contraceptives**. The present sequence  
represents a PCR primer used to identify ES cell colonies which are  
successfully transfected with a **Msh5** containing vector  
pMsh5ex18 in examples used to illustrate the methods of the invention.

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 16 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62960 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS**  
**homolog 5 (MSH5)** gene, useful for screening  
compounds that can be used for treating **MSH5**  
-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62960 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (**MSH5**) gene is misexpressed. The **MSH5** protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the **MSH5** gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a **fertility** treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5** activity, a method for modulating the activity of **MSH5**, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a **fertility** disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of **MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as **contraceptives**. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to identify ES cell colonies which are successfully transfected with a **Msh5** containing vector pMsh5ex18 in examples used to illustrate the methods of the invention.

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 16 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62959 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS** homolog 5 (**MSH5**) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62959 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (**MSH5**) gene is misexpressed. The **MSH5** protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the **MSH5** gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a **fertility** treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5** activity, a method for modulating the activity of **MSH5**, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a **fertility** disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of **MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as **contraceptives**. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to clone the coding sequence of the mouse **Msh5** gene. The primer is based on the human **Msh5** cDNA sequence.

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 16 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62958 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS** homolog 5 (**MSH5**) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S



PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629

44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62958 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (**MSH5**) gene is misexpressed. The **MSH5** protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the **MSH5** gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a **fertility** treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5** activity, a method for modulating the activity of **MSH5**, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a **fertility** disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of **MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as **contraceptives**. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to clone the coding sequence of the mouse **Msh5** gene. The primer is based on the human **Msh5** cDNA sequence.

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 16 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62957 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS** homolog 5 (**MSH5**) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629

44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62957 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (**MSH5**) gene is misexpressed. The **MSH5** protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the **MSH5** gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a **fertility** treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5** activity, a method for modulating the activity of **MSH5**, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a **fertility** disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of **MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as **contraceptives**. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to obtain a segment of the mouse **Msh5** gene. The primer is based on the human **Msh5** cDNA sequence.

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 16 DGENE (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: AAA62956 DNA DGENE

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS** homolog 5 (**MSH5**) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders -

INVENTOR: Edelman W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (YESH)UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE.

(DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 A1 20000629 44p

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 19991222

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 19981222

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: 2000-442485 [38]

AN AAA62956 DNA DGENE

AB This invention relates to a transgenic mouse, in which the MutS homologue 5 (**MSH5**) gene is misexpressed. The **MSH5** protein is a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA mismatch repair. Animals which are homozygous for a null mutation in the **MSH5** gene are sterile, and can be used in a method for evaluating a **fertility** treatment. Included in the invention are a method for identifying compounds which modulate **MSH5** activity, a method for modulating the activity of **MSH5**, and a method for identifying individuals at risk of developing a **fertility** disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen for treatments for **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of **MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as **contraceptives**. The present sequence represents a PCR primer used to obtain a segment of the mouse **Msh5** gene. The primer is based on the human **Msh5** cDNA sequence.

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 16 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:112540 USPATFULL

TITLE: Compositions, kits, and methods for effecting adenine nucleotide modulation of DNA mismatch recognition proteins

INVENTOR(S): Fishel, Richard A., Penn Valley, PA, UNITED STATES  
Gradia, Scott, Philadelphia, PA, UNITED STATES  
Acharya, Samir, Philadelphia, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Thomas Jefferson University, Philadelphia, PA, UNITED STATES, 19107-5587 (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002058275	A1	20020516
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-934909	A1	20010822 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Division of Ser. No. US 1998-143571, filed on 28 Aug 1998, PENDING		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 1998-93935P	19980723 (60)
	US 1997-66977P	19971128 (60)
	US 1997-57136P	19970828 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	AKIN, GUMP, STRAUSS, HAUER & FELD, L.L.P., ONE COMMERCE SQUARE, 2005 MARKET STREET, SUITE 2200, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	55	

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 25 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 4648

AB Compositions, and products comprising a **MutS homolog** which binds to a mismatched region of a duplex DNA molecule in the presence of ADP are provided, as are methods of binding **MutS homologs** to mismatched DNA in the presence of ADP. The use of MutL homolog derivatives in combination with **MutS homologs** is also included. Nonhuman mammals which are nullizygous for both Msh2 and p53 are also provided, as are methods of making and using the same.

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 16 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:72639 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Mammalian SUV39H2 proteins and isolated DNA molecules encoding them  
INVENTOR(S): Jenuwein, Thomas, Wien, AUSTRIA  
O'Carroll, Donal, Greystones, IRELAND  
Rea, Stephen, Headford, IRELAND

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002039776	A1	20020404
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-876224	A1	20010608 (9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	EP 2000-112479	20000609
	EP 2000-112345	20000609
	US 2000-224173P	20000809 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility  
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION  
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: STERNE, KESSLER, GOLDSTEIN & FOX PLLC, 1100 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W., SUITE 600, WASHINGTON, DC, 20005-3934  
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 21  
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1  
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 34 Drawing Page(s)  
LINE COUNT: 2674

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Murine and human Suv39h2 polypeptide and DNA molecules encoding them. Suv39h2 is a novel member of the Suv3-9 gene family. Suv39h2 is a novel component of meiotic higher order chromatin. It has histone methyltransferase activity and is required, in combination with Suv39h1, for male gametogenesis. Suv39h2 can be used in screening methods to identify modulators of its methyltransferase activity, which are useful in cancer therapy and for male contraception.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 16 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:235086 USPATFULL  
TITLE: Compositions, kits, and methods for effecting adenine nucleotide modulation of DNA mismatch recognition proteins  
INVENTOR(S): Fishel, Richard A., Penn Valley, PA, United States  
Gradia, Scott, Philadelphia, PA, United States  
Acharya, Samir, Philadelphia, PA, United States  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Thomas Jefferson University, Philadelphia, PA, United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6333153	B1	20011225
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1998-143571		19980828 (9)

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 1998-93935P	19980723 (60)
	US 1997-66977P	19971128 (60)
	US 1997-57136P	19970828 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	GRANTED	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Zitomer, Stephanie W.	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Akin, Gump, Strauss, Hauer & Feld, L.L.P.	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	88	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	49 Drawing Figure(s); 25 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	4750	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions, and products comprising a **MutS homolog** which binds to a mismatched region of a duplex DNA molecule in the presence of ADP are provided, as are methods of binding **MutS homologs** to mismatched DNA in the presence of ADP. The use of MutL homolog derivatives in combination with **MutS homologs** is also included. Nonhuman mammals which are nullizygous for both Msh2 and p53 are also provided, as are methods of making and using the same.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L19 ANSWER 10 OF 16 CABA COPYRIGHT 2002 CABI

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:142126 CABA  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 990107600  
TITLE: Mammalian MutS homologue 5 is required for chromosome pairing in meiosis  
AUTHOR: Edelmann, W.; Cohen, P. E.; Kneitz, B.; Winand, N.; Lia, M.; Heyer, J.; Kolodner, R.; Pollard, J. W.; Kucherlapati, R.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Albert Einstein College of Medicine, 1300 Morris Park Avenue, Bronx, New York 10461, USA.  
SOURCE: Nature Genetics, (1999) Vol. 21, No. 1, pp. 123-127. 30 ref.  
ISSN: 1061-4036  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB To assess the role of MutS homologue 5 (**Msh5**), a member of a family of proteins involved in DNA repair, in mammals, mice with a null mutation in **Msh5** were generated. **Msh5**<sup>-/-</sup> mice were viable but sterile. Meiosis in these mice was affected due to the disruption of chromosome pairing in prophase I. This meiotic failure led to a diminution in testicular size and a complete loss of ovarian structures. It is concluded that normal **Msh5** function is essential for meiotic progression and, in females, gonadal maintenance.

L19 ANSWER 11 OF 16 CABA COPYRIGHT 2002 CABI

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:54998 CABA  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 990102864  
TITLE: Mouse MutS-like protein **Msh5** is required for proper chromosome synapsis in male and female meiosis  
AUTHOR: Vries, S. S. de; Baart, E. B.; Dekker, M.; Siezen, A.; Rooij, D. G. de; Boer, P. de; Riele, H. te; de Vries, S. S.; de Rooij, D. G.; de Boer, P.; te Riele, H.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Molecular Carcinogenesis, Netherlands Cancer Institute, 1066 CX Amsterdam, Netherlands.  
SOURCE: Genes & Development, (1999) Vol. 13, No. 5, pp. 523-531. 42 ref.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB Members of the mammalian mismatch repair protein family of MutS and MutL homologues have been implicated in postreplicative mismatch correction and chromosome interactions during meiotic recombination. It was shown that mice carrying a disruption in the MutS homologue **Msh5** exhibit a meiotic defect, leading to male and female sterility. Histological and cytological examination of cells during prophase I in both sexes revealed an extended zygotene stage, characterized by impaired and aberrant chromosome synapsis, which was followed by apoptotic cell death. It is concluded that mouse **Msh5** promotes synapsis of homologous chromosomes in meiotic prophase I.

L19 ANSWER 12 OF 16 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT AND ISI  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-11710 BIOTECHDS

TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS** homolog 5 (**MSH5**) gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders; involving vector-mediated MutS-5 gene transfer for expression in mouse cell

AUTHOR: Edlmann W; Kolodner R D; Pollard J W; Kucherlapati R S

PATENT ASSIGNEE: Albert-Einstein-Coll.Med.; Dana-Farber-Cancer-Inst.

LOCATION: Bronx, NY, USA; Boston, MA, USA.

PATENT INFO: WO 2000036910 29 Jun 2000

APPLICATION INFO: WO 1999-US30958 22 Dec 1999

PRIORITY INFO: US 1998-113487 22 Dec 1998

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE: WPI: 2000-442485 [38]

AN 2000-11710 BIOTECHDS

AB A transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS** homolog 5 (**MHS5**) gene is claimed. Also claimed are: a method of evaluating a **fertility** treatment; a method for identifying a compound which modulates the activity of **MSH5**; and a method of identifying a subject having or at risk of developing a **fertility** disease or disorder. The transgenic mouse can be used to screen treatments for **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of **MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis. Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as **contraceptives**. The **MSH5** gene is disrupted by removal of DNA encoding all or part of the **MSH5** protein. The animal is homozygous or heterozygous for the disrupted gene. The disruption is an insertion or a deletion. In the method, the treatment is evaluated in vivo or in vitro. (39pp)

L19 ANSWER 13 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:441556 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:72491

TITLE: Knockout mice with **MSH5** gene deleted and their uses

INVENTOR(S): Edlmann, Winfried; Kolodner, Richard D.; Pollard, Jeffrey W.; Kucherlapati, Raju S.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Albert Einstein College of Medicine, USA; Dana-Farber Cancer Institute

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000036910	A1	20000629	WO 1999-US30958	19991222

W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1139732	A1	20011010	EP 1999-967642	19991222
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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-113487P P 19981222  
WO 1999-US30958 W 19991222

AB An animal, e.g., transgenic mouse, in which the **MSH5** gene is misexpressed. The animal is useful for screening treatments for a no. of conditions. Methods for identifying **contraceptive** agents are also described. Heterozygous and homozygous knockout mice were constructed by std. methods of stem cell transformation and breeding. Homozygous knockout mice were sterile. Males show normal development of Leydig and Sertoli cells but no pachytene spermatocytes. Females did not show estrous and did not mate.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 14 OF 16 PROMT COPYRIGHT 2002 Gale Group

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:695206 PROMT  
TITLE: EUROPEAN PATENT DISCLOSURES.(Brief Article)  
SOURCE: BIOWORLD Today, (8 Aug 2000) Vol. 11, No. 152.  
PUBLISHER: American Health Consultants, Inc.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Newsletter  
LANGUAGE: English  
WORD COUNT: 1892

\*FULL TEXT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL FORMAT\*

AB Akzo Nobel WO 00/37650 Hepatitis Y virus Arnhem, the Netherlands Hepatitis Y virus, genes, and encoded proteins, cells for growing the virus; for making vaccines.  
THIS IS THE FULL TEXT: COPYRIGHT 2000 American Health Consultants, Inc.

Subscription: \$1350.00 per year. Published daily (5 times a week).

L19 ANSWER 15 OF 16 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-442485 [38] WPIDS  
DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2000-330165  
DOC. NO. CPI: C2000-134611  
TITLE: New transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **MutS homolog 5 (MSH5)** gene, useful for screening compounds that can be used for treating **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders.  
DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16 P14 S03  
INVENTOR(S): EDELMANN, W; KOLODNER, R D; KUCHERLAPATI, R S; POLLARD, J W  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (DAND) DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC; (YESH) UNIV YESHIVA EINSTEIN COLLEGE  
COUNTRY COUNT: 90  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	WEEK	LA	PG
WO 2000036910	A1	20000629	(200038)*	EN	39

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL  
 OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW  
 W: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES  
 FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS  
 LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL  
 TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW  
 AU 2000023893 A 20000712 (200048)  
 EP 1139732 A1 20011010 (200167) EN  
 R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT  
 RO SE SI

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2000036910	A1	WO 1999-US30958	19991222
AU 2000023893	A	AU 2000-23893	19991222
EP 1139732	A1	EP 1999-967642	19991222
		WO 1999-US30958	19991222

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO
AU 2000023893	A Based on	WO 200036910
EP 1139732	A1 Based on	WO 200036910

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1998-113487P 19981222

AN 2000-442485 [38] WPIDS

AB WO 200036910 A UPAB: 20000811

NOVELTY - A transgenic mouse comprising a misexpressed **Muts**  
**homolog 5 (MSH5)** gene, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

(1) a method (M1) of evaluating a **fertility** treatment, comprising:

(a) administering the treatment to an **MSH5** misexpressing animal or a cell derived from it; and

(b) determining the effect of the treatment on a **fertility** indication;

(2) a method (M2) for identifying a compound which modulates the activity of **MSH5**, comprising:

(a) contacting **MSH5** with a test compound; and

(b) determining the effect of the test compound on the activity of **MSH5**;

(3) a method (M3) for modulating the activity of **MSH5** comprising contacting **MSH5** or a cell expressing **MSH5** with a compound which binds to **MSH5** in a sufficient concentration to modulate the activity of **MSH5**;

(4) a method of identifying a subject having or at risk of developing a **fertility** disease or disorder, comprising:

(a) obtaining a sample from the subject;

(b) contacting the sample with a nucleic acid probe or primer which selectively hybridizes to **MSH5**; and

(c) determining whether aberrant **MSH5** expression or activity exists in the sample; and

(5) an isolated cell, or a purified preparation of cells from an **MSH5** misexpressing animal.

USE - The transgenic mouse can be used to screen treatments for **MSH5**-related disorders, e.g. **fertility** disorders. Cells derived from the transgenic mouse can be used to define the mechanism of **MSH5** function in cell processes, e.g. meiosis.

Compounds (e.g. antisense **MSH5** nucleic acids, **MSH5** antibodies, **MSH5** agonists or antagonists) that modulate the activity of **MSH5** are useful as **contraceptives**.

L19 ANSWER 16 OF 16 COPYRIGHT 2002 Gale Group

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:219975 NLDB  
TITLE: EUROPEAN PATENT DISCLOSURES.(Brief Article)  
SOURCE: BIOWORLD Today, (8 Aug 2000) Vol. 11, No. 152.  
PUBLISHER: American Health Consultants, Inc.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Newsletter  
LANGUAGE: English  
WORD COUNT: 1892

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